CAMDEN COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Year Ended June 30, 2024

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

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County Manager Erin Burke

Clerk to the Board Karen Davis

<u>Finance Officer</u> Stephanie Jackson

Register of Deeds Tammie Krauss

Tax Administrator Lisa Anderson

> <u>Sheriff</u> J. Kevin Jones

County Attorney John Morrison

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FINANCIAL SECTION



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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of County Commissioners Camden County, North Carolina

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Camden County, North Carolina as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Camden County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based upon our audit and the report of the other auditors, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Camden County as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund, Courthouse and Shiloh FD, School Capital Fund, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of Camden County ABC Board, which represent 91 percent, 87 percent, and 99 percent of the assets, net position, and revenues, respectively, of the aggregate discretely presented component units as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable cash flows, thereof for the year then ended. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Camden County ABC Board is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Camden County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that

the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions. The financial statements of Camden County ABC Board and the Camden County TDA were not audited in accordance with *Governmental Auditing Standards*.

Responsibilities of Management for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raises substantial doubt about Camden County's ability to continue as a going concern for the twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Governmental Auditing Standards* will always detect material misstatement when it exists.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Governmental Auditing Standards* we

- exercised professional judgement and maintained professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsible to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Camden County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

• conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Camden County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, and the Other Post Employment Benefit and Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Schedules of Funding Progress and Employer Contribution, the Local Government Employees' Retirement System Schedules of the County's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Asset (Liability) and Contributions, and the Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset (Liability) and Schedule of County Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consist of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of Camden County. The combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules as well as the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the State Single Audit Implementation Act are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and the other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of the other auditors, the combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 11, 2025, on our consideration of Camden County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Camden County's internal control over financial report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Camden County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., PA

Wilmington, North Carolina January 11, 2025 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Camden County Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

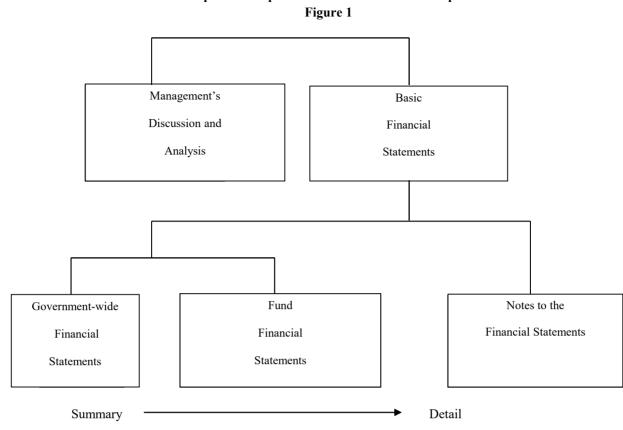
As management of Camden County, we offer readers of Camden County's (the "County") financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the County's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of Camden County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$61,108,780 (*net position*). The County's net assets are impacted considerably by bonds that the County has issued on behalf of the Camden County Board of Education. The assets are not reflected in the County's financial statements, but the full amount of the long-term debt related to school construction is reflected in the County's financial statements.
- The County's total Net Position increased by \$5,139,369 before prior year restatement for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, primarily due to increase in investment revenue and taxes collection efforts and controlled expenses.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, The County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$32,179,314, after a net increase in fund balance of \$3,692,351 before the prior year restatement. Approximately 52% of this total amount, or \$16,662,170 is restricted and committed or non-spendable.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance (before any reserves or designations) for the General Fund was \$24,225,498 or 128% total General Fund expenditures for the current fiscal year. Approximately \$15,517,144 remains as unassigned fund balance. This General Fund balance increased \$3,210,065 before prior year restatement.
- The County's total debt decreased during the fiscal year by \$ 833,530.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Camden County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the County through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Camden County.



Required Components of Annual Financial Report

Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits1&2) in the basic financial statements are the Government-wide Financial Statements. They provide both short and long-term information about the County's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3-9) are Fund Financial Statements. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the County's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are four parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the government fund statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements for major governmental funds; 3) the proprietary governmental funds statements; 4) the agency fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, supplemental information is provided to show details about the County's major and non-major governmental funds, all of which are added together in one column on the basic financial statements. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Following the Notes is the required supplemental information. This section contains funding information about the County's Other Post Employment Benefit Plan and Pension Plans.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the County's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the County's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the County's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the total of the County's assets and deferred outflows of resources and the total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the County's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: 1) governmental activities; 2) business-type activities; and 3) component units. The governmental activities include most of the County's basic services such as general administration, taxation and records, human services, education, and public safety. Property taxes, other taxes, and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those where services are provided and customers are charged for those services. These include the water & sewer services offered by the County. The final category is the component units. The Camden ABC Board and Camden TDA are such units.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The Fund Financial Statements (see Figure 1) provide a more detailed look at the County's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Camden County, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the North Carolina General Statutes or the County's budget ordinance. All of the funds of the Camden County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary fund.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the County's basic services are accounted for in the governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* which provides a current financial focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the County's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The County adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the County, the management of the County, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the County to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the County complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the County succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Board; 2) the final budget as amended by the Board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> - The County has one kind of proprietary fund. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for the South Camden Water & Sewer District operations. This fund is the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government.

Notes to the Financial Statements - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

<u>Other Information</u> - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning Camden County's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and OPEB benefits to it's employees.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

		Figure 2							
		nmental vities		ss-Type vities		Total			
	2024	2023	2024	2023		2024	2023		
Current and other assets	\$ 26,737,644	\$ 21,831,358	\$ 4,494,311	\$ 3,699,988	\$	31,231,955	\$ 25,531,346		
Restricted Cash	6,906,148	7,525,553	-	-		6,906,148	7,525,553		
Capital assets	19,379,081	18,791,390	22,338,005	22,880,161		41,717,086	41,671,551		
Right to use leased asset	-	9,775	-	-		-	9,775		
Total assets	53,022,873	48,158,076	26,832,316	26,580,149		79,855,189	74,738,225		
		· ·					· · · ·		
Deferred outflows of resources	1,995,929	1,942,834	203,561	194,843		2,199,490	2,137,677		
		· · ·	· · · ·	· · · · ·			i		
Long-term liabilities outstanding	15,384,530	16,080,626	3,177,032	3,415,436		18,561,562	19,496,062		
Other liabilities	1,178,812	1,161,095	312,360	278,195		1,491,172	1,439,290		
Total liabilities	16,563,342	17,241,721	3,489,392	3,693,631		20,052,734	20,935,352		
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Deferred inflows of resources	822,670	490,624	70,495	30,358		893,165	520,982		
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Net Position:									
Net investment									
in capital assets	7,473,688	6,276,242	19,309,882	19,638,038		26,783,570	25,914,280		
Restricted	9,472,250	9,130,465	-	-		9,472,250	9,130,465		
Unrestricted	20,686,852	16,961,858	4,166,108	3,412,965		24,852,960	20,374,823		
Total net position	\$ 37,632,790	\$ 32,368,565	\$ 23,475,990	\$ 23,051,003	\$	61,108,780	\$ 55,419,568		
1					-		· · ·		

Camden County's Net Position Figure 2

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$61,108,780 as of June 30, 2024. The County's Net Position increased by \$5,139,369 before prior year restatement for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024.

Management Discussion and Analysis Camden County

Net position is reported in three net categories: Net investment in capital assets of \$26,783,570 (44%), restricted assets of \$9,472,250 (16%), and unrestricted net position of \$24,852,960 (40%). The amount Net investment in capital assets category is defined as the County's investment in County owned capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, automotive equipment, office and other equipment, and infrastructure) less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The second category of net position is restricted net position. Restricted resources increased by \$341,785 for a total of \$9,472,250 at June 30, 2024. Constraints on use are externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or can be imposed by law through constitutional provisions or legislation.

The final category of net position is unrestricted net position. This balance may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. At June 30, 2024, the total unrestricted net position increased to \$24,852,960. Under North Carolina law, the County is responsible for providing capital funding for the school system. The County has chosen to meet its legal obligation to provide the school system capital funding by using a mixture of County funds, earmarked Local Sales Tax collections, loans, and Qualified Zone Academy Bonds. The assets are funded by the County; however, they are utilized by the school system. Since the County, as the issuing government, acquires no capital assets, the County has incurred a liability without a corresponding increase in assets. At the end of the fiscal year, approximately \$14 million of the outstanding debt on the County's financial statements was related to assets included in the school system's financial statements. The school debt is collateralized by a deed of trust granting, among other things, a first lien of record on the Project, including the land constituting a part of the Project, all other buildings, structures, improvement and fixtures thereon, and all appurtenances thereto of any nature whatsoever, excluding mobile or modular classrooms located on the site at any time, subject to permitted encumbrances. Accordingly, the County makes installment payments under the Installment Financing Agreement constitutes a pledge of the County's faith and credit within the meaning of any constitutional provision. Principal and interest requirements will be provided by an appropriation in the year in which they become due.

The impact of the inclusion of the school system debt without the corresponding assets was offset by the following positive operational initiatives and results:

- Camden County has adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the general fund which instructs management to conduct the business of the County in such a manner that available fund balance is at least equal to or greater than 25% of budgeted expenditures.
- Continued diligence in the collection of property taxes resulted in maintaining a collection percentage in excess of 97.84%.

Camden County Changes in Net Position Figure 3

		nmental vities	Busines	s-Type vities	Tota	51
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Revenues:						
Program Revenues						
Charges for Services	\$ 1,406,967	\$ 1,239,479	\$ 2,315,586	\$ 1,940,613 \$	3,722,553	\$ 3,180,092
Operating grants and contributions	3,093,093	4,958,724	-	-	3,093,093	4,958,724
Capital grants and contributions	135,228	439,677	-	-	135,228	439,677
General revenues:						
Property taxes	12,847,939	11,286,516	-	-	12,847,939	11,286,516
Other taxes	7,268,244	6,399,544	-	-	7,268,244	6,399,544
Investment earnings	1,641,177	559,577	404,639	200,505	2,045,816	760,082
Other	419,863	282,112	-	-	419,863	282,112
Total revenues	26,812,511	25,165,629	2,720,225	2,141,118	29,532,736	27,306,747
Expenses:						
General government	3,187,660	2,203,825	-	-	3,187,660	2,203,825
Public Safety	5,387,876	6,249,167	-	-	5,387,876	6,249,167
Economic and physical development	1,844,300	1,632,971	-	-	1,844,300	1,632,971
Human services	3,364,706	1,469,590	-	-	3,364,706	1,469,590
Cultural and recreation	1,033,147	940,567	-	-	1,033,147	940,567
Education	6,463,252	3,305,964	-	-	6,463,252	3,305,964
Interest on long-term debt	124,200	125,385	-	-	124,200	125,385
Environmental protection	692,988	497,267	-	-	692,988	497,267
Water	-	-	2,295,238	2,126,315	2,295,238	2,126,315
Total expenses	22,098,129	16,424,736	2,295,238	2,126,315	24,393,367	18,551,051
Increase (decrease) in net position before						
transfers and special items	4,714,382	8,740,893	424,987	14,803	5,139,369	8,755,696
Increase (decrease) in net position	4,714,382	8,740,893	424,987	14,803	5,139,369	8,755,696
Net position, beginning	32,368,565	14,957,457	23,051,003	21,505,459	55,419,568	36,462,916
Restatement	549,843	-	-	-	549,843	-
Net position, beginning	32,918,408	23,627,672	23,051,003	23,036,200	55,969,411	46,663,872
Net position, June 30, ending	\$ 37,632,790	\$ 32,368,565	\$ 23,475,990	\$ 23,051,003 \$	61,108,780	\$ 55,419,568

Governmental activities: Governmental activities increased the County's net position by \$4,714,382 before prior year restatement.

Business-type activities: Business-type activities increased the County's net position by \$424,987.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Camden County's financing requirements. Specifically, fund balance available for appropriation can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At June 30, 2024, the governmental funds of the County reported a combined fund balance of \$32,179,314, a 11% increase over last year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights:

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, the County's fund balance available in the General Fund was \$15,517,144 while total fund balance reached \$24,225,498. The County currently has an unassigned fund balance of 82% of General Fund expenditures while total fund balance represents 128% of the same amount. General Fund balance increased \$3,210,065.

During the fiscal year, the County revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

Proprietary Funds: The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. The total increase in net position was \$424,987.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. Camden County's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2024, totals \$41,717,086 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include land, buildings, automotive equipment, office and other equipment, and water and sewer lines.

Major capital assets transactions during the year include:

- New vehicles and equipment in General Fund.
- New library.
- New ambulance.

Camden County's Capital Assets (net of depreciation) Figure 4

		nmental ivities		ss-Type vities	Total			
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023		
Land	\$ 5,126,521	\$ 5,126,521	\$ 1,050,394	\$ 1,050,394	\$ 6,176,915	\$ 6,176,915		
Buildings	6,941,481	2,516,596	-	-	6,941,481	2,516,596		
Furniture, fixtures and equipment, vehicles	3,417,892	2,460,733	653,687	560,662	4,071,579	3,021,395		
Other improvements	2,944,843	3,112,074	20,596,421	21,231,602	23,541,264	24,343,676		
Construction in Progress	948,344	5,575,466	37,503	37,503	985,847	5,612,969		
Total	\$ 19,379,081	\$ 18,791,390	\$ 22,338,005	\$ 22,880,161	\$ 41,717,086	\$41,671,551		

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note III(a)5 of the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-term Debt: As of June 30, 2024, Camden County had total outstanding debt of \$14,933,516. A summary of total long-term debt as of June 30, 2024 is shown below:

Camden County's Outstanding Debt Figure 5

	Govern		Busine	ss-1	type					
	Activities			Acti	viti	es	Total			
	2024 2023			2024		2023	2024	2023		
General Obligation Debt	\$-	\$ -	\$	3,028,123	\$	3,242,123	\$ 3,028,123	\$ 3,242,123		
Installment Purchases	11,905,393	12,515,209		-		-	11,905,393	12,515,209		
Leases	-	9,714		-		-	-	9,714		
Total	\$ 11,905,393	\$ 12,524,923	\$	3,028,123	\$	3,242,123	\$ 14,933,516	\$ 15,767,046		

The State of North Carolina limits the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8% of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The debt margin required by local Resolution is 2%. The current debt margin for Camden County (as calculated on assessed real property only) is 0.09% or \$123,690,704. Well below the allowable debt limit for the County. Additional information regarding the County's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

• The unemployment rate in the County was at 3.7% on June 30, 2024, compared with a federal rates of 4.1% and a State rate of 4.1%. The rate for Camden County reduced from the 3.4% at June 30, 2023.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2025

Governmental Activities

Several factors will positively affect the economic outlook of the county over the next several fiscal years. Economic forecasts indicate growth in coming years which, while modest, are positive indicators for prospective commercial growth in the county. We have already seen an increase in interest from the retail sectors to locate in Camden County with the recent construction of Camden Towne Center project which will expand the tax base and provide employment. Broadband is being expanded throughout the county due to a USDA grant awarded to Eastern Shore Communications.

Factors that may negatively affect the economic position of the county include the uncertainty surrounding the need for a new County High School expected to cost approximately \$35-\$40 million. Another limiting factor is changes that continue to occur in the state and federal political arena. These changes could create local impacts which causes a large amount of uncertainly for Local Government and Camden County.

Business-type Activities

The County has allocated an additional \$2.1 million in funds for a well and water lines. Upon completion, the SCWD expects to be in a better position to provide adequate water and sewer with Camden County.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the County's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Finance Officer, Camden County, 330 East Hwy. 158, P.O. Box 190, Camden, NC 27921. You can also call 1-252-338-6363 for more information.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Camden County, North Carolina Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

	P1	rimary Governme	nt	Compone	ent Units
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Camden County ABC Board	Camden County TDA
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 25,356,927	\$ 4,284,291	\$ 29,641,218	\$ 346,504	\$ 100,450
Restricted cash	6,906,148	-	6,906,148	-	-
Taxes receivable, net	453,559	-	453,559	-	-
Accounts receivable, net	915,476	210,020	1,125,496	-	336
Inventories	-	-	-	284,879	-
Prepaid expenses	-	-	-	1,659	-
Net pension asset	11,682	-	11,682	-	-
Capital assets:					
Land, non-depreciable					
improvements, and construction in					
progress	6,074,865	1,087,897	7,162,762	179,494	-
Other capital assets, net of					
depreciation	13,304,216	21,250,108	34,554,324	225,489	-
Total capital assets	19,379,081	22,338,005	41,717,086	404,983	-
Total assets	53,022,873	26,832,316	79,855,189	1,038,025	100,786
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF					
RESOURCES	1,995,929	203,561	2,199,490	29,847	
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable and accrued					
liabilities	272,577	28,708	301,285	317,402	-
Accrued interest payable	98,820	22,177	120,997	-	-
Compensated absences payable	181,903	39,895	221,798	-	-
Liabilities to be paid from restricted	- ,		,		
assets	4,848	-	4,848	-	-
Current-portion of long-term liabilities	620,664	221,580	842,244	-	-
Long-term liabilities	,	,	- /		
Net OPEB Liability	484,439	53,826	538,265	-	-
Total pension liability - LEOSSA	644,127	-	644,127	-	-
Net pension liability - LGERS	2,849,967	316,663	3,166,630	46,693	-
Compensated absences payable	121,268	-	121,268	-	-
Due in more than one year	11,284,729	2,806,543	14,091,272	-	-
Total liabilities	16,563,342	3,489,392	20,052,734	364,095	-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF					
RESOURCES	822,670	70,495	893,165	1,770	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	822,670	70,495	893,165	1,770	-
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	7,473,688	19,309,882	26,783,570	60,360	_
Stabilization by State Statute	2,317,001	1,509,002	2,317,001	-	- 336
Future Expansion	2,317,001	-	2,017,001	- 50,000	
-	2,802	-	- 2,802	30,000	-
Register of Deeds Fire Protection		-		-	-
School Capital	429,072 6,723,375	-	429,072 6,723,375	-	-
Unrestricted		-		- 591,647	-
	20,686,852 \$ 37,632,790	4,166,108 \$ 23,475,990	24,852,960 \$ 61,108,780		100,450 \$ 100,786
Total net position	\$ 37,632,790	φ 23,473,990	φ 01,100,/00	\$ 702,007	φ 100,700

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Camden County, North Carolina Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

					FIUg	ram Revenues				· · · ·		rv Governmen	ges in Net Positi		nent Unit
			0	h	Ope	rating Grants	Caj	oital Grants	6.					Camden	Camden
Functions/Programs		Expenses		harges for Services	Co	and ntributions	Co	and ntributions		overnmental Activities		siness-type Activities	Total	County ABC Board	County TDA
Primary government:		Lipenses		50111005		nunbunono		luibuuono				inter references	Total	Doura	county 121
Governmental Activities:															
General government	\$	3,187,660	\$	478,369	\$	836,948	\$	-	\$	(1,872,343)	\$	-	\$ (1,872,343)		
Public safety		5,387,876		548,717		201,202		-		(4,637,957)		-	(4,637,957)		
Cultural and recreation		1,033,147		211,045		,		-		(822,102)		-	(822,102)		
Economic and physical development		1,844,300		-		-		135,228		(1,709,072)		-	(1,709,072)		
Human services		3,364,706		-		1,564,714				(1,799,992)		-	(1,799,992)		
Education		6,463,252		-		150,000		-		(6,313,252)		-	(6,313,252)		
Environmental protection		692,988		168,836		340,229		-		(183,923)		-	(183,923)		
Interest on long-term debt		124,200				-		-		(124,200)		-	(124,200)		
Total governmental activities		22,098,129		1,406,967		3,093,093		135,228		(17,462,841)		-	 (17,462,841)		
-															
Business-type activities:															
Water		2,295,238		2,315,586		-		-		-		20,348	 20,348		
Total business-type activities		2,295,238	<u> </u>	2,315,586	<u> </u>	-		-		-	<u> </u>	20,348	 20,348		
	\$	24,393,367	\$	3,722,553	\$	3,093,093	\$	135,228	\$	(17,462,841)	\$	20,348	\$ (17,442,493)		
Component units:															
TDA	\$	27,056	\$		\$		\$	_						\$-	\$ (27,056
ABC Board	Ψ	2,874,704	Ψ	2,875,664	Ψ	-	Ψ	_						° 960	÷ (27,030
Total component units	\$	2,874,704	\$	2,875,664	\$	-	\$	-						\$ 960	\$ (27,056
······							<u> </u>								<u> (((</u>
	Gen	eral revenues:													
	1	l'axes:													
				d for general pu	rpose					12,847,939		-	12,847,939	-	-
		Local option s								2,327,417		-	2,327,417	-	-
		Other taxes ar								4,940,827		-	4,940,827	-	23,031
		nvestment earni								1,641,177		404,639	2,045,816	-	5,325
	I	Miscellaneous, u								419,863		-	 419,863	11,240	500
				nues, special ite	ems, an	d transfers				22,177,223		404,639	 22,581,862	11,240	28,856
		Change in r	net pos	ition						4,714,382		424,987	5,139,369	12,200	1,800
	Net	position, beginni	ing as p	reviously report	ed					32,368,565		23,051,003	55,419,568	689,807	98,986
		tatement	5 F	, r						549,843		-	549,843		
		position, beginni	ing rest	ated						32,918,408		23,051,003	55,969,411	689,807	
		position, ending	0						\$	37,632,790	\$	23,475,990	\$ 61,108,780	\$ 702,007	\$ 100,786

Camden County, North Carolina Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

		Μ	ajor		NonMajor	
	General Fund	ARP Fund	Courthouse and Shiloh FD	School Capital Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash, including time deposits Restricted cash	\$ 23,388,165 -	\$ - -	\$ 317,506	\$ - 6,710,655	\$ 1,651,256 195,493	\$ 25,356,927 6,906,148
Accounts receivable, net Due from other funds Total assets	695,737 952,562 \$ 25,036,464	- - \$ -	21,458 - \$ 338,964	- - \$ 6,710,655	651,840 - \$ 2,498,589	1,369,035 952,562 \$ 34,584,672
Total assets	\$ 23,030,404	<u> </u>	\$ 338,904	\$ 0,710,035	\$ 2,490,509	\$ 54,564,672
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 267,045	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 5,532	\$ 272,577
Unearned revenue Due to other funds	-	-	-	-	4,848 952,562	4,848 952,562
Total liabilities	267,045				962,942	1,229,987
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Property taxes receivable	446,709	-	4,125	-	2,725	453,559
Opiod funds Prepaid taxes	97,212	-	-	-	624,600	624,600 97,212
Total deferred inflows of resources	543,921		4,125	-	627,325	1,175,371
Fund balances: Restricted						
Stabilization by State Statute	1,648,299	-	21,458	-	647,244	2,317,001
Register of Deeds Fire Protection	-	-	313,381	-	2,802 115,691	2,802 429,072
School Capital Health services	-	-	-	6,710,655	12,720 8,350	6,723,375 8,350
Committed					0,330	0,550
Capital Reserve Tax Revaluation	7,060,055	-	-	-	- 220,676	7,060,055 220,676
Economic Development	-	-	-	-	(99,161)	(99,161)
Unassigned Total fund balances	<u>15,517,144</u> 24,225,498		334,839	6,710,655	908,322	<u>15,517,144</u> 32,179,314
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 25,036,464	\$ -	\$ 338,964	\$ 6,710,655	\$ 2,498,589	
resources and fund balances	\$ 25,050,404	<u> </u>	\$ 338,904	\$ 0,/10,055	\$ 2,490,509	
Amounts reported for governmental activi Net pension asset.	ties in the statemer	nt of net position (E	Exhibit 1) are differen	nt because:		11,682
Contributions to the pension plan in the	current fiscal year	are deferred outflo	ows of resources on	the Statement of Ne	t Position.	1,995,929
Right to use assets used in governmenta	al activities are not	financial resources	and therefore are n	ot reported in the fu	inds.	-
Benefit payments and pension administ Deferred inflows of resources in fund st Deferred inflows of resources in fund st	atements for taxes	receivable.	outflows of resource	s on the Statement o	of Net Position	- 453,559 624,600
Other assets are not available to pay for	current-period exp	penditures and the	efore are not accrue	d as income in the f	unds.	-
Capital assets used in governmental act	ivities are not finan	cial resources and	therefore are not rea	ported in the funds		19,379,081
OPEB and Pension related deferrals.						(725,459)
Long-term debt included as net positior Net pension liability - LEOSSA.	ı below (includes th	ne addition of long-	term debt and princ	ipal payments durin	g the year.)	(12,307,382) (644,127)
Net OPEB liability. Net pension liability - LGERS.						(484,440) (2,849,967)

Camden County, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Ma	jor		NonMajor	_
	General Fund	ARP Fund	Courthouse and Shiloh FD	School Capital Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES						
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 12,486,718	\$-	\$ 101,822	\$ -	\$ 112,973	\$ 12,701,513
Other taxes and licenses	5,095,747	-	407,287	1,614,021	268,189	7,385,244
Unrestricted intergovernmental	209,360	-	-	-	-	209,360
Restricted intergovernmental	2,651,570	-	31,000	-	336,391	3,018,961
Permits and fees	615,065	-	-	-	81,955	697,020
Sales and services	507,637	-	-	150,000	52,310	709,947
Investment earnings	1,183,816	-	14,384	360,775	82,202	1,641,177
Miscellaneous	386,111	-	33,752	-	-	419,863
Total revenues	23,136,024		588,245	2,124,796	934,020	26,783,085
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government	2,792,474	-	-	-	12,809	2,805,284
Public safety	5,698,299	-	438,578	-	240,104	6,376,981
Environmental protection	682,558	-	-	-	7,388	689,946
Economic and physical development	1,695,040	-	-	-	97,622	1,792,662
Culture and recreation	916,280	-	-	-	567	916,847
Human services	3,229,629	-	-	-	77,767	3,307,396
Intergovernmental:						
Education	3,380,000	-	-	3,083,252	-	6,463,252
Debt service:						
Principal	421,460	-	94,396	-	103,674	619,530
Interest	118,837	-	-	-	-	118,836
Total expenditures	18,934,577		532,974	3,083,252	539.931	23,090,734
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over			· · · · ·	· <u> </u>	· · · · ·	· · ·
expenditures	4,201,447		55,271	(958,456)	394,089	3,692,351
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers from other funds	(991,382)		_	991,382	_	
Total other financing sources and uses	(991,382)			991,382		
Net change in fund balance	3,210,065	-	55,271	32,926	394,089	3,692,351
Fund balances-beginning as previously stated	20,627,912	-	180,644	7,464,573	405,590	28,678,719
Restatement	387,521	-	98,924	(786,844)	108,643	(191,756)
Fund balances-beginning restated	21,015,433		279,568	6,677,729	514,233	28,486,963
Fund balances-ending	\$ 24,225,498	\$ -	\$ 334,839	\$ 6,710,655	\$ 908,322	\$ 32,179,314

Camden County, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Net changes in fund balance - total government funds	\$	3,692,351
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation and amortization expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays increases exceeded the book value of capital outlay decreases in fiscal year.		
Capital outlay expenditures which were capitalized	1,515,568	
Depreciation and amortization expense for governmental assets	(927,877)	587,691
Contributions and pension administration costs for OPEB are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position		38,926
Benefit payments paid and administrative expense for the LEOSSA are not included on the Statement of Activities		67,869
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities		537,456
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:		29,372
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		619,530
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Accrued interest Compensated absences Pension expense Other postemployment benefits expense	(5,363) 3,271 (740,185) (116,536)	(858,813)
Total changes in net position of governmental activities	\$	4,714,382

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Camden County, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

			General I	Fund	
					Variance
	<u></u>				With Final
	Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Devenue					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Revenues: Ad valorem taxes	¢ 10 001 272	¢	10 001 272	¢ 12 406 710	¢ 220E44E
Other taxes and licenses	\$ 10,091,273 2,860,850	\$	10,091,273 2,860,850	\$ 12,486,718 4,374,230	\$ 2,395,445 1,513,380
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues	2,800,830		2,800,850	209,360	173,260
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	2,035,184		3,195,259	2,651,570	(543,689)
Permits and fees	1,485,018		1,697,511	615,065	(1,082,446)
Sales and services	296,500		147,680	507,637	359,957
Local contributions	-		-	-	-
Investment earnings	21,050		21,050	787,728	766,678
Miscellaneous	76,176		89,206	386,111	296,905
Total revenues	16,902,151		18,138,929	22,018,419	3,879,490
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government	3,286,763		3,322,892	2,792,474	530,418
Public safety	6,238,220		6,345,173	5,698,299	646,874
Economic and physical development	706,205		786,100	682,558	103,542
Environmental protection	1,054,260		3,194,734	1,695,040	1,499,694
Human Services	2,831,365		3,873,145	3,229,629	643,516
Cultural and recreational	888,302		934,839	916,280	18,559
Intergovernmental:					
Education Debt service:	4,293,950		4,293,950	3,380,000	913,950
Principal retirement	472,150		472,150	421,460	50,690
Interest	122,697		122,697	118,837	3,860
Total expenditures	19,893,912		23,345,680	18,934,577	4,411,103
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,991,761)		(5,206,751)	3,083,842	8,290,593
Other financing sources (Uses)					
Lease liabilities issued	-		-	-	-
Transfers from (to)other funds	-		-	(1,511,382)	(1,511,382)
Transfers from (to)other funds	-		-	1,096,873	1,096,873
Fund Balance Appropriated	2,991,761		5,206,751	-	(5,206,751)
Total other financing sources and uses	2,991,761		5,206,751	(414,509)	(5,621,260)
Net change in fund balance	\$-	\$	-	2,669,333	\$ 2,669,333
-					
Beginning of year, as previously reported				14,108,590	
Restatement Beginning of year, July 1 restated				387,521	
beginning of year, july 1 restated				14,496,111	
Fund Balances - Ending				\$ 17,165,444	
A legally budgeted Special Capital Fund is consolidated					
into the General Fund for reporting puposes:					
Other taxes and licenses				\$ 721,516	
Investment earnings				396,088	
Transfer				(576,873)	
Expenditures				-	
Fund Balance, Beginning				6,519,323	
Fund Balance, Ending (Exhibit 4)				\$ 24,225,498	
/					

Camden County, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Courthouse and Shiloh FD			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 95,776	\$ 95,776	\$ 101,822	\$ 6,046
Other taxes and licenses	383,104	423,104	407,287	(15,817)
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues	-	-	-	-
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	-	-	31,000	31,000
Permits and fees	-	-	-	-
Sales and services	-	-	-	-
Local contributions Investment earnings	1,000	1,000	- 14,384	- 13,384
Miscellaneous	1,000	,		
Total revenues	479,880	13,354 533,234	33,752 588,245	20,398 55,011
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	-	-	-	-
Public safety	388,880	442,234	438,578	3,656
Economic and physical development	-	-	-	-
Environmental protection	-	-	-	-
Human Services	-	-	-	-
Cultural and recreational	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental:	-	-	-	-
Education	-	-	-	-
Debt service:	-	-	-	-
Principal retirement	100,000	100,000	94,396	5,604
Interest				
Total expenditures	488,880	542,234	532,974	9,260
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(9,000)	(9,000)	55,271	64,271
Other financing sources (Uses)				
Proceeds from installment purchases	-	-	-	-
Transfers from other funds	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from Installment Loan	-	-	-	-
Fund Balance Appropriated	9,000	9,000		(9,000)
Total other financing sources and uses	9,000	9,000		(9,000)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	55,271	\$ 55,271
Beginning of year, as previously reported			180,644	
Restatement			98,924	
Beginning of year, July 1 restated			279,568	
Fund Balances - Ending			\$ 334,839	

Camden County, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	School Capital Fund			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Ad valorem taxes	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
Other taxes and licenses	1,112,247	2,651,612	1,614,021	(1,037,591)
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues	-	-	-	-
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	-	-	-	-
Permits and fees	-	-	-	-
Sales and services	-	-	-	-
Local contributions	-	150,000	150,000	-
Investment earnings	5,000	303,000	360,775	57,775
Miscellaneous Total revenues	- 1,117,247	- 3,104,612	- 2,124,796	- (979,816)
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Economic and physical development	-	-	-	-
Environmental protection	-	-		-
Human Services	-	-	-	-
Cultural and recreational	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental:				
Education	1,117,247	3,104,612	3,083,252	21,360
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	1,117,247	3,104,612	3,083,252	21,360
Revenues over (under) expenditures	-	-	(958,456)	(958,456)
Other financing sources (Uses)				
Proceeds from installment purchases				
Transfers from other funds	-	-	991,382	(991,382)
Fund Balance Appropriated				
Total other financing sources and uses			991,382	991,382
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$-</u>	\$-	32,926	\$ 32,926
Beginning of year, as previously reported			7,464,573	
Restatement			(786,844)	
Beginning of year, July 1 restated			6,677,729	
Fund Balances - Ending			\$ 6,710,655	

Camden County, North Carolina Statement of Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2024

	Major	
	South Camden	
	Water & Sewer	
	District	
Assets		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,284,291	
Accounts receivable, net	210,020	
Total Current Assets	4,494,311	
Noncurrent assets:		
Capital assets:		
Land and non-depreciable assets	1,087,897	
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	21,250,108	
Capital assets (net)	22,338,005	
Total noncurrent assets	22,338,005	
	22,550,005	
Total Assets	26,832,316	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	203,561	
Total deferred outflows of resources	203,561	
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable & accrued liabilities	28,708	
Current portion of long-term debt	221,580	
Compensated absences	39,895	
Accrued Interest	22,177	
Total Current Liabilities	312,360	
Total Current Liabilities	512,300	
Noncurrent liabilities:	F 2.02(
Other postemployment benefits	53,826	
Net pension liability	316,663	
Long term obligations payable Total noncurrent liabilities	2,806,543 3,177,032	
Total honcurrent hadinties	3,177,032	
Total Liabilities	3,489,392	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	70,495	
Total deferred inflows of resources	70,495	
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	19,309,882	
Unrestricted	4,166,108	
	1,100,100	
Total Net Position	\$ 23,475,990	

Camden County, North Carolina Statement of Revenues and Expenditures and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Major South Camden Water & Sewer District	
	District	
Operating revenues:		
Charges for Services - Water	\$ 1,647,682	
Charges for Services - Sewer	305,129	
Hook-up connection fees and taps	308,225	
Penalties	46,480	
Miscellaneous	8,070	
Total Operating Revenues	2,315,586	
	<u>.</u>	
Operating expenses:		
Reverse osmosis plant	566,973	
Water distribution	513,009	
Wastewater operations	316,173	
Depreciation	662,995	
Total operating expenses	2,059,150	
Total Operating Income (Loss)	256,436	
Nonoperating Revenues(Expenses):		
Interest income	404,639	
Interest expense	(236,088)	
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	168,551	
Changes in net position	424,987	
Ghanges in het position	727,707	
Net position, beginning	23,051,003	
Net position, ending	\$ 23,475,990	

Camden County, North Carolina Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Major
	uth Camden ater & Sewer District
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:	
Cash Received from Customers/others	\$ 2,299,261
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	(858,585)
Cash paid to employees for services	 (496,390)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	 944,286
Cash Flows from (use by) capital and related financing activities:	
Principal repayments on long-term debt	(214,000)
Acquisition of capital assets	(120,839)
Interest income	404,639
Interest expense	 (236,088)
Net cash flows provided (used) by capital financing activities	 (166,288)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash	
equivalents	777,998
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	3,506,293
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 4,284,291
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	
Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	\$ 256,436
Depreciation expense Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	662,995
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(16,325)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	13,142
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	43,561
Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability	(60,385)
Increase (decrease) in accrued interest payable	4,304
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources	(8,718)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources	40,137
Increase (decrease) in accrued vacation pay	9,139
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 944,286

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CAMDEN COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of Camden County and its component units conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The County, which is governed by a five-member board of commissioners, is one of the 100 counties established in North Carolina under North Carolina General Statute 153A-10. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the County and its component units, legally separate entities for which the County is financially accountable. South Camden Water and Sewer District (*the District*) exists to provide and maintain a water system for the County residents within the District. The District is reported as an enterprise fund in the County's financial statements. The Camden County ABC Board (*the Board*) and Camden County TDA, which has a June 30 year-end, are presented as if they are separate proprietary funds of the County (discrete presentation). The blended presentation methods presents component units as a department or unit of the County, and offers no separate presentation as with the discrete method.

	Reporting		
Component Unit	Method	Criteria for Inclusion	Separate Financial Statement
South Camden Water and Sewer District	Blended	Under State law [NCGS 162A-89], the County's board of commissioners also serve as the governing board for the District.	None issued.
Camden County TDA	Discrete	The members of the TDA Board's governing board are appointed by the County.	Camden County Finance P.O. Box 190 Camden, NC 27921
Camden County ABC Board	Discrete	The members of the ABC Board's governing board are appointed by the County. The ABC Board is required by State statute to distribute its surpluses to the General Fund of the County.	Camden County ABC Board P.O. Box 22 Camden, NC 27921

B. Basis of Presentation - Basis of Accounting

Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus - Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the County) and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the County. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the County and for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements : The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies, result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating items such as investment earnings are ancillary activities.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The Special Capital Fund is a legally budgeted fund under North Carolina General Statutes; however, for statement presentation in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54 it is consolidated in the General Fund.

School Capital Fund - This fund is used to account for the resource of the school projects.

Courthouse and Shiloh FD – This fund is used to account for the fire needs.

The County reports the following major enterprise fund:

South Camden Water and Sewer District Fund: This fund is used to account for the operations of the water and sewer district within the County.

The County reports the following fund types:

Custodial Funds: Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, or private-purpose trust funds. Custodial funds are used to account for assets the County holds on behalf of others that meet certain criteria.

Non-major Funds: The County's non- major governmental funds are the Automation Enhancement and Preservation Fund, the Watershed Fund, the Dismal Swamp Visitor Center Fund, the South Mills VFD Fund, the Joyce Creek Drainage Fund, the Community Park Trust Fund, the Eco Dev Fund, the School Fund, the Revaluation Fund, Representative Payee Fund, Opioid Settlement Fund, Ferbee Fund, the Scattered Housing Grant Fund, and Boat Ramp Grant. These funds are used to report specific special revenues and capital projects.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the County are maintained during the year on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements – The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus, except for agency funds which have no measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary fund, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The County also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation/amortization on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements – Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The County considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem property taxes are not accrued as a revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. As of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the beer and wine tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the County, are recognized as revenue. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been satisfied.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the County's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

D. Budgetary Data

The County's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund, Fire Districts, and Special Capital Fund, and the Enterprise Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. Project ordinances are adopted for Capital Projects Fund, Opioid Settlement Fund, and the Enterprise Capital Projects Funds, which are consolidated with the enterprise operating fund for reporting purposes. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the project level for multi-year funds. Amendments are required for revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund or that change functional appropriations by more than \$5,000. The governing board must approve all amendments. During the year, several material amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflow/Inflows of Resources and Fund Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the County, Camden County Tourism Development Authority, and Camden County ABC Board are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by G.S. 159-31. The County, the TDA, and the ABC Board may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the County, the TDA, and the ABC Board may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State Law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the County, Camden County TDA, and the ABC Board to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT).

The majority of the County, Camden County TDA, and the ABC Board's investments are carried at fair value. Non-participating interest earning investment contracts are accounted for at cost.

The North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT), which consists of two SEC-registered funds, is authorized by G.S. 159-30(c)(8). One of these funds, the Government Portfolio is a 2a7 fund which invests in treasuries and government agencies and is rated AAAm by S&P and AAmf by Moody Investor Services. The Government Portfolio is reported at fair value.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The County and the TDA pool moneys from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents. The ABC Board considers demand deposits and investments purchased with an original maturity of 90 days or less, which are not limited as to use, to be cash and cash equivalents.

3. Restricted Assets

Money in the School Capital Projects Fund is classified as restricted assets because its use is restricted per North Carolina General Statute 159-18 through 22. The amount of unspent resources obtained from the Opioid Settlement are restricted to use for specific purposes (i.e. opioid remediation). Accordingly, the assets from the settlement that remain on hand are reported as restricted assets. In addition to the restricted cash shown below, opioid receivables, net, of \$1,938,038 related to the settlement are also reported as restricted assets.

School Capital Projects Fund Monies	\$ 6,710,655
Unspent Opioid Settlement Funds	195,493
Total	\$ 6,906,148

4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the County levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, penalties and interest do not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2023. As allowed by State law, the County has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes, which are paid prior to the due date. In the County's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

5. Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years. While this is the first year that the County reports receivable for the amount to be received related to the Opioid Settlement the County has estimated an allowance for uncollectible accounts even in the absence of historical data to serve as the basis of the calculation. County has believes this is prudent given the term over which these amounts are to be paid and the possibility that corporations party to the settlement may experience bankruptcy or going concern issues. The initial allowance estimate has been established as a flat 10% of the outstanding receivable balance.

6. Inventories and Prepaid Items

The inventories of the ABC Board are valued at cost (first-in, first-out), which approximates market. The inventory of the ABC Board consists of materials and supplies held for consumption or resale. The cost of the inventory carried by the ABC Board is recorded as an expense as it is consumed or sold.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

7. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Minimum capitalization cost is \$3,000 for all capital assets. Donated capital assets received prior to July 1, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after July 1, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

The County's capital assets also include certain right to use assets. These right to use assets arise in association with agreements where the County reports a lease (only applies when the County is the lessee) in accordance with the requirements of GASB 87, respectively.

The right to use lease assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made at or prior to the start of the lease term, less lease incentives received from the lessor at or prior to the start of the lease term, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease asset into service. The right to use lease assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

The County holds title to certain Camden County Board of Education properties that have not been included in the County's capital assets. The properties have been deeded to the County to permit installment purchase financing of acquisition and construction costs and to permit the County to receive refunds of sales tax paid for construction costs. Agreements between the County and the Board of Education give the Board of Education full use of the facilities, full responsibility for maintenance of the facilities, and provide that the County will convey title to the property back to the Board of Education, once all restrictions of the financing agreements and all sales tax reimbursement requirements have been met. The properties are reflected as capital assets in the financial statements of the Camden County Board of Education.

Capital assets of the County are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Years
Buildings	30
Improvements	25
Plant and Distribution	40
Furniture and equipment	10
Vehicles	5-10
Computer equipment	10

Capital assets of the ABC Board are depreciated over their useful lives on a straight-line basis as follows:

Asset Class	Years
Buildings	25
Furniture & Equipment	5-10

8. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflow of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The County has two item that meets this criterion: pension deferrals and OPEB deferrals.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position can also report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The County has three items that meet the criterion for this category: prepaid taxes, property taxes receivable unavailable revenues (reported only on the Balance Sheet of the Governmental Funds), leases, pension and OPEB deferrals. In addition, certain unavailable revenues related to taxes, special assessments, and opioid settlement receivables are reported as deferred inflows of resources, but onlu on the balance sheet of the governmental funds.

9. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as an other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether withheld from the actual debt proceeds received or not, are reported as debt service expenditures.

10. Compensated Absences

The vacation policies of the County, and the ABC Board, generally provides for the accumulation of up to 240 hours earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the County's government-wide and proprietary funds, and the ABC Board, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as leave as earned. The TDA has no employees.

The sick leave policies of the County and the ABC Board provide for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since none of the entities have any obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made by the County or its component unit.

11. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represent constraints on resources that are either a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or b) imposed by law through state statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance - This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State statute – North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State statute (RSS), is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is knows as "restricted by State statute". *Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall no exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget.* Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. Outstanding balance on the face of the balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Restricted for Register of Deeds - portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source to pay for the computer equipment and imaging technology for the Register of Deeds' office.

Restricted for Fire Protection - portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for fire protection expenditures.

Restricted for School Capital-portion of fund balance that can only be used for School Capital per G.S. [159-18-22].

Restricted for Health Services - portion of fund balance that can only be used to benefit beneficiaries under the Social Security's Representative Payee Program.

Committed Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of Camden County's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority). The governing body can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Capital Reserve - This fund is used to account for the land, building, and infrastructure acquisitions.

Committed for Tax Revaluation - portion of fund balance that can only be used for Tax Revaluation.

Economic Development - portion of fund balance that can only be used for Economic Development.

Assigned Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that the County intends to use for specific purposes.

Subsequent year's expenditure - portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation; however, the budget ordinance authorizes the manager to modify the appropriations by resource or appropriation within funds up to \$100,000.

Unassigned Fund Balance - the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

Camden County has also adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the general fund which instructs management to conduct the business of the County in such a manner that available fund balance is at least equal to or greater than 20% of budgeted expenditures. Any portion of the general fund balance in excess of 25% of budgeted expenditures may be appropriated for one-time expenditures and may not be used for any purpose that would obligate the County in a future budget.

The County of Camden has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-county funds, county funds. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in-order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the County.

12. Defined Benefit Pension and OPEB Plans

The County participates in three cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plans that are administered by the State; the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and the Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (RODSPF), and the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance (LEOSSA) (collectively, the "state-administered defined benefit pension plans"). For purposes of measuring the net pension asset or liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net positions of the state-administered defined benefit pension plans 'fuduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the state-administered defined benefit pension plans. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The County's employer contributions are recognized when due and the County has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the state-administered defined benefit pension plans. Investments are reported at fair value.

13. Opioid Settlement Funds

In April 2022, drug manufacturer Johnson & Johnson, and three drug distributors, McKesson, AmerisourceBergen, and Cardinal Health, finalized a \$26 billion-dollar nationwide settlement related to multiple opioid lawsuits. These funds will be disbursed to each participating state over an 18-year period according to an allocation agreement reached with all participating states. The majority of these funds are intended for opioid abatement and the distribution of the funds will be front loaded.

North Carolina's Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) between the state and local governments for

the settlement funds allocates the funds as follows:

• 15% directly to the State ("State Abatement Fund")

• 80% to abatement funds established by Local Governments ("Local Abatement

- Funds")
- 5% to a County Incentive Fund.

The County received \$130,000 as part of this settlement in Fiscal Year 2024. Per the terms of the MOA, the County created a special revenue fund, the Opioid Settlement Fund, to account for these funds. All funds are to be used for opioid abatement and remediation activities. Funds are restricted until expended. No funds have been expended as of June 30th, 2024. The MOA offered the County two options of expending the funds. The County opted for Option A, which allows the County to fund one or more high-impact strategies from a list of evidence-based strategies to combat the opioid epidemic.

14. Reimbursements for Pandemic-related Expenditures

In FY 2020/21, the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) established the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds to support urgent COVID-19 response efforts and replace lost revenue for the eligible state, local, territorial, and tribal governments. The County was allocated \$1,057,050 of fiscal recovery funds. The County plans on using the funds for revenue replacement in Fiscal Year 2023. Revenue replacement funds will be transferred to the appropriate funds once the intended use of the funds is determined.

Reconciliation of Government-wide & Fund Financial Statements

1. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position.

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance-total governmental funds and net position-governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The net adjustment of \$ 5,453,476 consists of the following elements as follows:

Description	Amount
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore not reported in the funds (total capital assets on government-wide statement in governmental activities column)	\$ 30,830,524
Less accumulated depreciation Net capital assets	<u>(11,451,443)</u> 19,379,081
Right to use assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Net pension asset.	11,682
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position.	1,995,929
Deferred inflows of resources reported in the fund statements but not the government-wide OPEB and pension related deferrals. Liabilities that, because they are not due and payable in the current period, do not require current resources to pay and are therefore not recorded in the fund statements:	1,078,159 (725,459)
Long-term debts, including bonds and notes payable Net pension liability - LGERS Net pension liability - LEOSSA OPEB payable Total adjustment	(12,307,382) (2,849,967) (644,127) (484,440) \$ 5,453,476

2. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance and the government-wide statement of activities.

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances-total governmental funds and changes in net assets of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. There are several elements of that total adjustment of \$1,022,031 as follows:

Description	Amount
Capital outlay expenditures recorded in the fund statements but capitalized as assets in the Statement of Activities	\$ 1,515,568
Depreciation expense, the allocation of those assets over their useful lives, that is recorded on the Statement of Activities but not in the fund statements	(927,877)
Principal payments on debt owed are recorded as a use of funds on the fund statements but again affect only the statement of net position in the government-wide statements	619,530
Contributions and pension administration costs for OPEB are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position	38,926
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds	29,372
Contributions to the OPEB and pension plan in the current fiscal	
year are not included on the Statement of Activities	537,456
Benefit payments and administration costs for LEOSSA	67,869
Expenses reported in the Statement of Activities that do not require the use of current resources to pay are not recorded as expenditures in the fund statements. This includes accrued interest payable,	
compensated absences, pension expense and OPEB.	 (858,813)
Total adjustment	\$ 1,022,031

II. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. Significant Violations of Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

1. Noncompliance with North Carolina General Statutes

Noncompliance with North Carolina General Statute G.S. 159-29 Finance Officer Bond.

Noncompliance with North Carolina General Statute G.S. 159-34 Timeliness of audit submission.

2. Contractual Violations

None.

B. Deficit Fund Balance or Net Position of Individual Funds not appropriated in subsequent year's budget ordinance

The Scattered Housing, Community Park trust Fund, and Eco Dev Funds have deficit fund balances due to timing issues related to income.

C. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the expenditures made in County Fire District Fund exceeded the authorized appropriations made by Courthouse and Shiloh by \$30,740. The School Capital Fund exceeded the authorized appropriations made by the education department by \$798,640. The Community Park Trust Fund exceeded the authorized appropriations by \$567. The Eco Dev Fund exceeded the authorized appropriations by \$4,593. The Representative Payee Fund exceeded the authorized appropriations by \$7,446.

- III. Detail Notes on All Funds
 - A. Assets
 - 1. Deposits

All of the County's, TDA's, and the ABC Board's deposits are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits exceeding the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the County's, TDA's, or the ABC Board's agents in these units' names. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the County, TDA, and the ABC Board, these deposits are considered to be held by their agent in the entities' name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the County or the ABC Board, or with the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the County, TDA, or the ABC Board under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for the under collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method.

The State Treasurer enforces standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions. The County relies on the State Treasurer to monitor those financial institutions. The County analyzes the financial soundness of any other financial institution used by the County. The County complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured. The TDA and ABC Board have no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2024, the County's deposits had a carrying amount of \$2,420,188 and a bank balance of \$ 2,980,997 . Of the bank balance, \$657,623 was covered by federal depository insurance, the remainder was covered by the pooling method. At June 30, 2024, Camden County had \$625 of cash on hand.

At June 30, 2024, the carrying amount of deposits for Camden County ABC Board was \$346,504 . All of these amounts were covered by federal depository insurance.

At June 30, 2024, the carrying amount of deposits for Camden County TDA was \$100,450. All of these amounts were covered by federal depository insurance.

2. Investments

As of June 30, 2024, the County's investments consisted of \$34,126,553 in the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Government Portfolio which carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The County has no formal policy on credit risk. The ABC Board held no investments at June 30, 2024.

3. Property Tax - Use-Value Assessment on Certain Lands

In accordance with the general statutes, agriculture, horticulture, and forestland may be taxed by the County at the present-use value as opposed to market value. When the property loses its eligibility for use-value taxation, the property tax is recomputed at market value for the current year and the two preceding fiscal years, along with the accrued interest from the original due date. This tax is immediately due and payable. The following are property taxes that could become due if present-use value eligibility is lost. These amounts have not been recorded in the financial statements.

Year Levied	Tax Interest				Total
2021	\$ 1,113,239	\$	245,987	\$	1,359,226
2022	1,122,521		163,756		1,286,277
2023	1,143,250		-		1,143,250
Total	\$ 3,379,010	\$	409,743	\$	3,788,753

4. Receivables

Receivables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2024 were as follows:

	 Accounts	Taxes & Related Accrued Interest	Due From Other overnments	Total
Governmental Activities:				
General	\$ 22,343	\$ 556,073	\$ 246,948	\$ 825,364
Other Governmental	624,600	6,796	21,585	652,981
Total Receivables	 646,943	562,869	-	1,209,812
Allowance for Doubtful	-	(109,310)	-	(109,310)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 646,943	\$ 453,559	\$ 268,533	\$ 1,369,035
Business-Type Activities:				
Water/Sewer receivables	\$ 255,873	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 255,873
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	 (45,853)	-	-	(45,853)
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 210,020	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 210,020

5. Capital Assets

Primary Government

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

		Beginning Balances				Ending Balances
	J	uly 1, 2023	Increases	Decreases	Ju	ine 30, 2024
Governmental Activities:						
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$	5,126,521	\$ -	\$ -	\$	5,126,521
Construction in Progress		5,575,466	-	(4,627,122)		948,344
Total capital assets not being depreciated		10,701,987	-	(4,627,122)		6,074,865
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Buildings		6,146,923	4,627,122	-		10,774,045
Other improvements		5,470,871	-	-		5,470,871
Equipment		2,499,408	153,820	-		2,653,228
Vehicles and motor equipment		4,930,466	1,361,748	(434,699)		5,857,515
Total capital assets being depreciated		19,047,668	6,142,690	(434,699)		24,755,659
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings		3,630,327	202,237	-		3,832,564
Other improvements		2,358,797	167,231	-		2,526,028
Equipment		1,592,408	80,205	-		1,672,613
Vehicles and motor equipment		3,376,733	478,204	(434,699)		3,420,238
Total accumulated depreciation		10,958,265	\$ 927,877	\$ (434,699)		11,451,443
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		8,089,403				13,304,216
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$	18,791,390			\$	19,379,081

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government Public Safety Environmental Protection Economic and Physical Development Human Services Cultural and Recreational Total Depreciation Expense	\$	168,278 531,309 51,638 3,042 116,300 57,310 927,877						
		Beginning						Ending
		Balances ıly 1, 2023	T	ncreases	г	Decreases	ь	Balances ine 30, 2024
Business-type Activities: Water & Sewer District Capital assets not being depreciated:	<u>J</u> L	<u>IIY 1, 2023</u>	1	ncreases	1	Jecreases	jı	<u>ine 30, 2024</u>
Land	\$	1,050,394	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,050,394
Construction in progress		37,503		-		-		37,503
Total capital assets not being depreciated		1,087,897		-		-		1,087,897
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Plant and distribution systems		30,715,857		-		-		30,715,857
Furniture and equipment		172,705		21,995		-		194,700
Vehicles and motor equipment		651,045		98,844		-		749,889
Total capital assets being depreciated		31,539,607		120,839		-		31,660,446
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Plant and distribution systems		9,484,255		635,181		-		10,119,436
Furniture and equipment		91,814		8,860		-		100,674
Vehicles and motor equipment		171,274		18,954		-		190,228
Total accumulated depreciation		9,747,343	\$	662,995	\$	-		10,410,338
		21 702 264						21 250 100
Total capital assets being depreciated, net Total Water and Sewer Fund District, Net		21,792,264 22,880,161					¢	21,250,108 22,338,005
Total water and sewer Fund District, Net	\$	22,000,101					Ъ	22,338,005
Discretely presented component unit ABC Board:								
Land	\$	179,494						
Buildings	Ψ	225,489						
Equipment		223,407						
Capital assets, net of depreciation	\$	404,983	-					
suprai assets, net of depreciation	Ψ	101,700						

6. Right to Use Leased Assets

The County has recorded three right to use leased assets. The assets are right to use assets for leased printers and leased voting machines. The related leases are discussed in the Leases subsection of the Long-term obligations section of this note. The right to use lease assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the terms of the related leases.

Right to use asset activity for the Primary Government for the year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

	eginning Balance	Increases	Decreases		Endin	g Balance
Right to use assets						0.7.000
Leased equipment	\$ 35,839	\$ -	\$	-	\$	35,839
Total right to use assets	 35,839	 -		-		35,839
Less accumulated amortization:						
Leased equipment						
Total accumulated amortization	 26,064	9,775		-		35,839
Right to use assets, net	\$ 9,775	\$ (9,775)	\$	-	\$	-

B. Liabilities

Payables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2024, were as follows:

	Vendors			Accrued Interest	Total		
Governmental Activities	\$	272,577	\$	98,820	\$	371,397	
Business-type Activities	\$	28,708	\$	22,177	\$	50,885	

^{1.} Payables

2. Pension Plan and Other Post Employment Obligations

a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. Camden County and the ABC Board are participating employers in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state Senate, one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina. The State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic postretirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. County employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The County's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024, was 14.04% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 12.91% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$597,173 for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Refunds of Contributions – County employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the County reported a liability of \$3,166,630 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2022. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension asset was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2024, the County's proportion was 0.04781%, which was a decrease of 0.0006% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2023.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the County recognized pension expense of \$907,371. At June 30, 2024, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	E	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	352,856	\$ 7,	596		
Changes of assumptions		134,564		-		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		847,529		-		
Changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions		7,178	23,	300		
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date		597,173		-		
Total	\$	1,939,300	\$ 30,	896		

\$597,173 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2025	\$ 476,077
2026	239,270
2027	560,045
2028	35,839
Thereafter	 -
Total	\$ 1,311,231

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation Salary Increases Investment rate of return 2.50 percent3.25 to 8.25 percent, including inflation and productivity factor6.50 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The plan actuary currently uses mortality rates based on the *RP-2014 Total Data Set for Healthy Annuitants Mortality Table* that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience review for LGERS for the period January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2019.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2024 are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected Real Rate
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return
Fixed Income	33.0%	2.4%
Global Equity	38.0%	6.9%
Real Estate	8.0%	6.0%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.6%
Credit	7.0%	5.3%
Inflation	6.0%	4.3%
Total	100%	_

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2023 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.50 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower 5.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.50 percent) than the current rate:

	1 % Decrease (5.50%)	Discount Rate (6.50%)	1% Increase (7.50%)
County's proportionate share of the net pension			
liability (asset)	\$5,486,063	\$3,166,630	\$1,257,056

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina.

b. Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance

(1) Plan Description

Camden County administers a public employee retirement system (the Separation Allowance), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the County's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to 0.85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The County has made no contributions to this plan. A separate report was not issued for the plan.

All full-time County law enforcement officers are covered by the Separation Allowance. At the December 31, 2022, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Inactive Members Currently Receiving Benefits	2
Terminated Plan Members Entitled to,	
But Not Yet Receiving Benefits	-
Active Plan Members	20
Total	22

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting - The County has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the following criteria which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

(3) Actuarial Assumptions

The entry age actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2022 valuation. The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50 percent per annum
Salary increases	3.25 to 7.75 percent, including inflation and productivity factor
Discount rate	4.00 percent per annum, compounded annually

The discount rate is based on the yield of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as of June 30, 2023.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an experience study completed by the Actuary for the Local Government Employees' Retirement System for the five-year period ending December 31, 2021.

Deaths After Retirement (Healthy): Mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Total Data Set for Healthy Annuitants Mortality Table. The RP-2014 annuitant tables have no rates prior to age 50. The RP-2014 Total Data Set Employee Mortality table is used for ages less than 50.

Deaths After Retirement (Disabled): Mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Total Data Set for Disabled Annuitants Mortality Table. Rates for male members are multiplied by 103% for all ages. Rates for female members are multiplied by 99% for all ages.

Deaths Before Retirement: Mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Total Data Set Employee Mortality Table.

Mortality Projection: All mortality rates are projected from 2014 using generational improvement with Scale MP-2015.

(4) Contributions

The County is required by article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the benefit payments on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. The County's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. The County paid \$24,490 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the County reported a total pension liability of \$644,127. The total pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 based on a December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the County recognized pension expense of \$92,359.

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions and other inputs	\$ 81,990 72,511	\$ - 90,487
County benefit payments and administrative expenses subsequent to the measurement date.		\$ 90,487

The County paid \$0 in benefit payments subsequent to the measurement date that are reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions which will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2025	\$ 48,019
2026	19,868
2027	(5,263)
2028	(3,319)
2029	4,709
Thereafter	-
	\$ 64,014

Sensitivity of the County's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 4.00 percent, as well as what the County's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.00 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Decrease	Di	scount Rate	19	% Increase
	(3.00%)		(4.00%)		(5.00%)
Total pension liability	\$	708,891	\$	644,127	\$	585,408

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

	2024
Beginning balance	\$ 568,168
Service Cost	27,395
Interest on the total pension liability	23,960
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total	
pension liability	31,451
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	17,643
Benefit payments	(24,490)
Other changes	-
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 644,127

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study as of December 31, 2021.

c. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description - The County contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of the State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the County. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy - Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the County to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2024 were \$ 302,318, which consisted of \$206,187 from the County and \$96,131 from the law enforcement officers.

d. Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund

Plan Description. Camden County also contributes to the Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (RODSPF), a noncontributory, defined benefit plan administered by the North Carolina Department of State Treasurer. RODSPF provides supplemental pension benefits to any eligible county register of deeds who is retired under the Local Government Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) or an equivalent locally sponsored plan. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 161 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state Senate, one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina. The State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes financial statements and required supplemental Pension Fund. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. An individual's benefits for the year are calculated as a share of accumulated contributions available for benefits for that year, subject to certain statutory limits. An individual's eligibility is based on at least 10 years of service as a register of deeds with the individual's share increasing with years of service. Because of the statutory limits noted above, not all contributions available for benefits are distributed.

Contributions. Benefits and administrative expenses are funded by investment income and 1.5% of the receipts collected by each County Commission under Article 1 of Chapter 161 of the North Carolina General Statutes. The statutory contribution currently has no relationship to the actuary's required contribution. The actuarially determined contribution this year and for the foreseeable future is zero. Registers of Deeds do not contribute. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 161-50 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$839 for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the County reported an asset of \$11,682 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2022. The total pension asset was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan, relative to contributions to the pension plan of all participating RODSPF employers. At June 30, 2023, the County's proportion was 0.09721%, which was a decrease of 0.01633% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2023.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the County recognized pension expense of \$4,356. At June 30, 2024, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of		
	Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	- \$ 51' -	7
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	5,9	34	-
Changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions	2,6	03	-
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date	8	39	-
Total	\$ 9,3	76 \$ 51	7

\$839 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net pension asset in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2025	2,914
2026	3,009
2027	1,723
2028	374
2029	-
Total	\$ 8,020

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.5 percent
Salary Increases	3.25 to 7.25 percent, including inflation and productivity factor
Investment rate of return	3.00 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study as of December 31, 2015.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The adopted asset allocation policy for the RODSPF is 100% in the fixed income asset class. The best estimate of arithmetic real rate of return for the fixed income asset class as of June 30, 2024 is 3%.

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2023 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.05%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 3.00 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.00 percent) than the current rate:

	1 % Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(2.00%)	(3.00%)	(4.00%)
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	(\$7,974)	\$11,682	(\$14,808)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina.

e. Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability (asset) for LGERS and ROD was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021. The total pension liability for LEOSSA was measured as of June 30, 2023, with an actuarial valuation date of December 31, 2022. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contribution of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	LGERS	ROD	LEOSSA	Total
Proportionate Share of Net Pension				
Liability (Asset)	\$ 3,166,630	\$ (11,682)	n/a	\$ 3,154,948
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.04781%	0.09721%	n/a	
Total Pension Liability	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 644,127	\$ 644,127
Pension Expense	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

As June 30, 2024, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	J	LGERS	<u>ROD</u>	LEOSSA	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	352,856	\$ -	\$ 81,990	\$ 434,846
Changes of assumptions		134,564	-	72,511	207,075
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		847,529	5,934	-	853,463
Changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions		7,178	2,603	-	9,781
County contributions (LGERS, ROD)/benefit payments and administration costs (LEOSSA) subsequent to the measurement date		597,173	839		598,012
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	7,596	\$ 517	\$ -	\$ 8,113
Changes of assumptions		-	-	90,487	90,487
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-	-	-	-
Changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions		23,300	-	-	23,300

f. Other Post Employment Benefits

Healthcare Benefits

Plan Description - Under the terms of the County resolution, the County administers a single-employer defined benefit Healthcare Benefits Plan (the HCB Plan). As of July 1, 2006, this plan provides postemployment healthcare benefits to retirees of the County, provided they participate in the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (System) and have at least twenty years of creditable service with the County. The County pays the full cost of coverage for these benefits through private insurers. The County Board may amend the benefit provisions. A separate report was not issued for the plan. If hired after January 8, 2013 no health benefits will be paid for retirees.

Membership of the HCB Plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2023, the date of latest actuarial valuation:

	General	Law Enforcement
	Employees	Officers
Retirees and dependents receiving benefits	3	2
Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-	-
Active plan members	18	20
Total	21	22

Funding Policy - The County pays the full cost of coverage for the healthcare benefits paid to qualified retirees under a County resolution that can be amended by the County Board. The County has chosen to fund the healthcare benefits on a pay as you go basis.

Total OPEB Liability

The County's total OPEB liability of \$538,266 was measured as of June 30, 2023 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Salary increases	3.25- 8.41 percent, average, including inflation
Discount rate	3.65 percent
Healthcare cost trend rates	7.00% for 2023 decreasing to an ultimate
	rate of 4.50% by 2033

The discount rate is based on the yield of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as of the measurement date.

Total OPEB Liability							
\$	1,142,111						
	28,992						
	40,847						
	-						
	(651,963)						
	13,033						
	(34,755)						
	(603,846)						
\$	538,265						

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.54% to 3.65%.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Total Data Set for Healthy Annuitants Mortality Table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 2016 through December 2021.

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.65 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.65 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1 % Decrease (Discount Rate	1% Increase	
	2.65%)	(3.65%)	(4.65%)	
tal OPEB Liability	\$582,638	\$538,266	\$497,519	-

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

Total OPEB Liability

Tot

 1 % Decrease
 Discount Rate
 1% Increase

 \$489,580
 \$538,266
 \$593,601

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$129,484. At June 30, 2024, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	D	eferred Outflows of		
		Resources	Deferred I	nflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	2,203	\$	584,476
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		-
Changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		-
Changes of assumptions		94,110		89,577
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date		-		-
Total	\$	96,313	\$	674,053

\$0 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2025	(169,417)
2026	(149,754)
2027	(161,107)
2028	(97,462)
2029	-
Thereafter	-
Total	\$ (577,740)

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Following are the deferred outflows of resources that are reported in the government-wide financial statements at June 30, 2024:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Def	erred Inflows of Resources
Deferred charge on refunding of debt				
Pensions:				
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	434,846	\$	8,113
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings		853,463		-
Change in proportion and difference between employer contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions		9,781		23,300
Change in assumptions		207,075		90,487
Contributions to pension plan subsequent to measurement date (LGERS, ROD)		598,012		-
OPEB:				
Differences between expected and actual experience		2,203		584,476
Changes of assumptions		94,110		89,577
Prepaid taxes		-		97,212
Total	\$	2,199,490	\$	893,165

f. Other Employment Benefits

The County has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, State-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months' salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit will be a minimum of \$25,000 and will not exceed \$50,000. Because all death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan and not by the County, the County does not determine the number of eligible participants. The County has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. The County considers these contributions to be immaterial.

4. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions, injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County participates in three self-funded risk financing pools administered by the North Carolina Association of County Commissioners. Through these pools, the County obtains property coverage equal to replacement cost values of owned property subject to a limit of \$125.5 million for any one occurrence, general, auto, professional and employment practices liability coverage of \$2 million per occurrence, auto physical damage coverage for owned autos, at actual cash value, crime coverage of \$250,000 per occurrence, workers' compensation coverage up to the statutory limits and health and dental insurance for County employees. The pools are audited annually by Certified Public Accountants, and the audited financial statements are available to the County upon request. Two of the pools are reinsured through a multi-state public entity captive for single occurrence losses in excess of \$500,000 up to a \$2 million limit for liability coverage, \$600,000 of aggregate annual losses in excess of \$50,000 per occurrence for property, auto physical damage and crime coverage, and single occurrence losses of \$350,000 of mover and the addited financial statements are available to the County upon request. Two of the pools are reinsured through a multi-state public entity captive for single occurrence losses in excess of \$500,000 up to a \$2 million limit for liability coverage, \$600,000 of aggregate annual losses in excess of \$50,000 per occurrence for property, auto physical damage and crime coverage, and single occurrence losses of \$350,000 for workers' compensation. For health and dental insurance, the County is insured through Blue Cross Blue Shield of North Carolina, a private insurance company.

The County carries flood insurance on the renovated courthouse. Other buildings are not insured for flood.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the County's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the County's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The Finance Officer is bonded for \$750,000, the tax collector is bonded for \$50,000 and the sheriff is bonded for \$25,000. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$15,000.

There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year and no claims have been made in the past three years.

Camden County ABC Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The Board has commercial property, general liability, auto liability, workers' compensation, and employee health coverage. The Board does have liquor legal liability coverage. In accordance with G.S. 18B-803, the ABC Board's employees that have access to the Board's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. Employees are bonded under an employment practices bond for up to \$5,000 per claim. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

5. Contingent Liabilities

At June 30, 2024, the County was a defendant to various lawsuits. In the opinion of the County's management and the County attorney, the ultimate effect of these legal matters will not have a material adverse effect on the County's financial position.

6. Long-Term Obligations

a. Installment Purchases

As authorized by State law [G.S. 160A-20 and 153A-158.1], the County has financed various property acquisitions for use by Camden County Board of Education by installment purchase. The installment purchases were issued pursuant to a deed of trust that requires that legal title remain with the County as long as the debt is outstanding. The County has entered into a lease with Camden County Board of Education that transfers the right and responsibilities for maintenance and insurance of the property to the Board of Education. The lease calls for nominal annual lease payments and also contains a bargain purchase option. The lease term is the same as that of the installment purchase obligation. Due to the economic substance of the transaction, the capital assets associated with the installment purchase obligation are recorded by the Board of Education. These loans are included in the loans described below.

The direct placement installment purchases of the County are outlined below:

\$264,000 direct placement loan from Rural Housing Service to finance courthouse renovations. The loan is secured by the courthouse. The note calls for annual payments of \$20,297 including interest at 4.5%. Matures in 2026.	e \$	37,550
\$725,000 direct placement loan from Truist dated August 16, 2010 for the construction of a Fire Station Building. The loan is secured by the asset purchased. The loan calls for annual payments of \$36,250 plus interest at 3.89%. Matures in 2027.	7	253,750
\$507,824 direct placement loan from Xenith Bank for the purchase of Pierce Pumper Truck. The loan is secured with the property. The loan is secured by the asset purchased. The loan calls for annual payments of \$61,595 for 5 years plus interest at 2.2%. Matures in 2025.)	276,854
\$10,000,000 direct placement loan from US Department of Agriculture for the construction of an intermediate school. The note calls fo annual payments of \$520,000 for 40 years which includes interest at 4.125%. Matures in 2049.	-	7,630,239
\$4,633,000 direct placement loan from Truist Bank for the the construction of a new Library. The note calls for annual principal payments of \$309,000 plus the interest at 2.50%. Matures in 2036.	;	3,707,000
Total	\$	11,905,393

b. General Obligation Indebtedness

All general obligation bonds serviced by the County's general fund are collateralized by the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the County. South Camden Water and Sewer District issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major water and sewer capital improvements. These bonds, which are recorded in the Water District Fund, are collateralized by the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the District. Principal and interest payments are appropriated when due. In the event of default, the County agrees to pay to the Purchaser, on demand, interest on any and all amount due and owing by the County under this agreement.

The County's general obligation bonds are payable at June 30, 2024, are comprised of the following individual issues:

Serviced by South Camden Water and Sewer District:

\$1,600,000 - 1996 Water District bonds with annual installments of \$17,000 to \$66,000 through June 1, 2036; interest at 4.875%. The	se	
Bonds were refinanced with a principal amount of \$1,274,000 with annual installments of \$93,493 plus interest at 3.89%.	\$	632,335

Other Loans:

State DWSRF Revolving Direct Borrowing: A loan of \$1,367,122 calling for 20 annual principal payments of \$68,356 plus interest at 2.50%. At year end \$1,307,360 has been drawn down on the loan amount. This associated project was completed during the year and half of the outstanding principal was forgiven. The new payments will be for 20 years at \$32,684 with no stated interest rate. Matures in 2032.

 Webster Bank Loan: A direct placement loan of \$2,800,000 dated May 10, 2018 calling for 20 annual principal payments of \$98,000 to
 \$196,000 plus interest at 3.87%. The loan is secured by the property purchased. Matures in 2038.
 2,167,000

Total

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the County's and District's general obligation bonds and loans are as follows:

Year Ending	Govern Activ				'ype		
June 30,	Principal	vitite	Interest		Principal	i v i ci c	Interest
2025	\$ 620,664	\$	419,757	\$	221,580	\$	108,461
2026	631,177		400,881		228,260		101,137
2027	623,085		380,314		236,044		93,554
2028	634,288		360,748		243,937		85,669
2029	645,943		340,729		251,942		77,478
2030-2034	2,981,622		1,413,810		1,106,360		256,594
2035-2039	2,286,660		1,094,784		740,000		72,950
2040-2044	2,043,634		472,066				
2045-2048	1,438,320		60,809				
Total	\$ 11,905,393	\$	4,943,898	\$	3,028,123	\$	795,843

At June 30, 2024 Camden County had a legal debt margin of \$123,690,704.

c. Long-Term Obligation Activity

The following is a summary of changes in the County's long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024:

	Balance 7/1/2023	Increases	Decreases	Balance 6/30/2024	Current Portion
Governmental Activities: Direct Placement Installment					
Purchases	\$ 12,515,209	\$ -	\$ (609,816)	\$ 11,905,393	\$ 620,664
Leases	9,714	-	(9,714)	-	-
OPEB	1,027,900	-	(543,460)	484,440	-
Net pension liability (LGERS)	2,457,914	392,053	-	2,849,967	-
Net pension liability (LEOSSA)	568,168	75,959	-	644,127	-
Compensated absences	 306,442	489,041	(492,312)	303,171	181,903
Total governmental activities	\$ 16,885,347	\$ 957,053	\$ (1,655,302)	\$ 16,187,098	\$ 802,567
	Balance 7/1/2023	Increases	Decreases	Balance 6/30/2024	Current Portion
Business Type Activities:					
General obligation debt	\$ 3,242,123	\$ -	\$ (214,000)	\$ 3,028,123	\$ 221,580
OPEB	114,211	-	(60,385)	53,826	-
Net pension liability (LGERS)	273,102	43,561	-	316,663	-
Compensated Absences	 30,756	63,307	(54,168)	39,895	39,895
Total business type activities	\$ 3,660,192	\$ 106,868	\$ (328,553)	\$ 3,438,507	\$ 261,475

228,788

3,028,123

\$

Net pension liability, total pension liability, and net other postemployment liability for governmental activities are all typically liquidated in the general fund. Compensated absences for governmental activities typically have been liquidated in the general fund. An expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned and are accounted for on a LIFO basis, assuming that employees are taking leave time as it is earned.

Debt Related to Capital Activities - Of the total Governmental Activities debt listed only \$XXXXX relates to assets the County holds title.

C. Interfund Balances and Transfer Activity

The composition of internal balances as of June 30, 2024 is as follows:

	Rece	ivable Fund
Payable Fund	Gen	eral Fund
Scattered Housing Grant Fund	\$	704,866
Cares Act 19 Fund		16,290
Community Park Trust Fund		36,568
Economic Development Fund		194,838
Total	\$	952,562

The above was for operating expenditures while awaiting grant monies. Management expects to repay once those grant funds are received.

Transfers in (out) for the year ended June 30, 2024 are summarized below:

Fund	 То	From	Purpose
General Fund	\$ 520,000		Expenditures.
School Capital Fund		\$ 520,000	
General Fund		\$ 1,511,382	Expenditures.
School Capital Fund	\$ 1,511,382		
General Fund	\$ 576,873		Expenditures.
Special Capital Fund		\$ 576,873	

D. Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total fund balance - General Fund	\$ 24,225,498
Less:	
Stabilization by State Statute	1,648,299
Capital Reserve	7,060,055
Remaining Fund Balance	\$ 15,517,144

III. Joint Ventures

Developmental Disabilities & Substance abuse Services

The County participates in a joint venture to provide mental health services. East Carolina Behavioral Health (ECBH)coordinates these services through third party providers. The County is one of nineteen county governments participating as a joint venture. Camden County appointed one board member (commissioner) to the ECBH's finance committee. The venture was established as a joint venture among the participating counties to coordinate funding from federal and State agencies and also to realize economies of scale in the providing of mental health services. In accordance with the intergovernmental agreement between the participating governments and ECBH, the County appropriated \$20,000 to the ECBH to supplement its activities. None of the participating governments have any equity interest in the ECBH, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2024 Complete financial statements can be obtained from the ECBH's office at 112 Health Drive, Greenville, North Carolina 27834-7704.

Central Communications/Emergency Management System

The Emergency Management System was established as a joint venture between Camden County, Pasquotank County, and the City of Elizabeth City to coordinate grant funds and realize economies of scale. Each entity appoints one member to the governing board. In accordance with the intergovernmental agreement between the participating governments, the County appropriated \$450,386 to the System to supplement its activities. None of the participating governments have any equity interest in the System, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2024. Complete financial statements for the System can be obtained from the System's office at 103 S. Road Street, Elizabeth City, North Carolina 27909.

Albemarle District Jail

The operation of the Jail is shared with two other counties in the surrounding area. Each county's contributions are based on a per capita assessment based on the most recent census figures available, and each county appoints one or more members to the Board. In accordance with the intergovernmental agreement between the participating governments, the County appropriated \$272,304 to the Jail to supplement its activities. None of the participating governments have any equity interest in the Jail, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2024. Complete financial statements for the Jail can be obtained from the Jail's office at 320 S. Hughes Blvd., Elizabeth City, North Carolina 27907.

Albemarle Commission

The County is a member of the Albemarle Commission, which is a voluntary association of county governments. The Commission was established as a joint venture among the participating counties to coordinate funding from federal and State agencies. – the makeup is 1 elected official from each of the 10 counties with a term that does not expire unless the individual is no longer an elected official or another appointment is made by the county. Four at-large members that rotate off the AC Board every 2 years. The County paid membership fees of \$7,464 to the Commission during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

Regional Confinement Facility

The County is a member of the Regional Jail Facility, which is an agreement of three county governments to provide financing, construction and operation of a regional jail. The Facility was established as a joint venture among the participating counties to coordinate funding from local, federal, and State agencies. The County contributed \$157,216 to the Facility during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

Albemarle Regional Health Services (ARHS)

Albemarle Regional Health Services is a voluntary association of seven county governments. ARHS was established as a joint venture among the participating counties to coordinate funding from federal and State agencies and to realize economies of scale in providing health care services. The County contributed \$41,540 to ARHS during the year ended June 30, 2024. None of the participating governments have any equity interest in ARHS, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2024. Complete financial statements can be obtained at ARHS's office on 711 Roanoke Avenue, Elizabeth City, North Carolina 27909.

IV. Summary Disclosure of Significant Commitments and Contingencies

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The County has received proceeds from federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant moneys.

V. Significant Effects of Subsequent Events

There are no subsequent events that would have a material affect on the financial statements. Subsequent events have been analyzed through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued.

VI. Change in Accounting Principal

As an exchange/exchange-like transaction the County should have recognized revenue when they obtained a legal claim to the resources. For the opioid settlement the County obtains a claim to the resources on an accrual basis as settlements are finalized. As a result of this change in accounting principal the County recorded a prior period adjustment in the amount of \$741,600 for net position and \$60,980 for fund balance.

VI. Prior Period Adjustment

Camden County had a several contributing factors for the prior period adjustments. Understatement of a payable which resulted in an overstatement of assets in the amount of \$786,844.

Overstatement of various accounts in which had not been adjusted for several years which resulted in an overstatement of assets in the amount of \$534,108.

REQUIRED

SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL DATA

This section contains additional information required by generally accounting principals.

Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Local Government Employees' Retirement System

Schedule of Contributions – Local Government Employees' Retirement System

Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Register of Deeds

Schedule of Contributions - Register of Deeds

- Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance
- Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Camden County, North Carolina Camden County's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) Required Supplementary Information Last Ten Fiscal Years*

Local Government Employees' Retirement System															
Board's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	2024 0.04781%	2023 0.04841%	2022 0.04819%		2021 0.04974%	2020 0.05118%		2019 0.04646%		2018 0.04970%	2017 0.05110%		2016 0.0487%		2015 0.00489%
Board's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$) Board's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,166,630 \$ 4,019,915	\$ 2,731,015\$ 3,777,159	\$ 739,040 \$ 3,664,577	\$ \$	1,777,422 3,450,004	\$ 1,397,686 \$ 3,270,415	\$ \$	1,102,190 3,112,093	\$ \$	759,278 3,089,454	\$ 1,084,513 \$ 3,034,188	\$ \$	218,383 2,915,721	\$ \$	(288,268) 2,883,647
Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	78.77%	72.30%	20.17%		51.52%	42.74%		35.42%		24.58%	35.74%		7.49%		(10.00%)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability**	82.49%	84.14%	95.53%		88.61%	90.86%		91.63%		94.18%	91.47%		98.09%		102.64%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

** This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

Camden County, North Carolina Camden County's Contributions Required Supplementary Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Local Governn	nent Employees' F	Retirement Syste	m				
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 597,173	\$ 497,879	\$ 438,181	\$ 380,232	\$ 316,915	\$ 260,864	\$ 240,505	\$ 235,455	\$ 208,510	\$ 220,612
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	597,173	497,879	438,181	380,232	316,915	260,864	240,505	235,455	208,510	220,612
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
County's covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,501,834	\$ 4,019,915	\$ 3,777,159	\$ 3,664,577	\$ 3,450,004	\$ 3,270,415	\$ 3,112,093	\$ 3,089,454	\$ 3,034,188	\$ 2,915,721
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	13.27%	12.39%	11.60%	10.38%	9.19%	7.98%	7.73%	7.62%	6.87%	7.57%

Camden County, North Carolina Camden County's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) Required Supplementary Information Last Ten Fiscal Years*

Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund																	
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)		2024 0.09721%		2023 0.11354%		2022 0.12086%		2021 0.12334%		2020 0.10122%	 2019 0.11186%	 2018 0.10657%	 2017 0.11030%	2016 0.09			2015 0.1010%
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$	(11,682)	\$	(15,033)	\$	(23,221)	\$	(28,267)	\$	(19,983)	\$ (18,572)	\$ (18,190)	\$ (20,622) \$	(22,	066)	\$	(22,909)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability **		135.74%		139.04%		156.53%		173.62%		164.11%	153.31%	153.77%	160.17%	197.	29%		193.88%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

** This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the ROD plan.

Camden County, North Carolina Camden County's Contributions Required Supplementary Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

			R	egisters of	Deed	s' Suppleme	ntal F	ension Fun	d					
	2024	2023		2022		2021		2020		2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 839	\$ 967	\$	1,302	\$	1,450	\$	1,181	\$	3,817	\$ 3,592	\$ 3,476	\$ 3,024	\$ 3,631
Contributions in relation to the contractually														
required contribution	839	967		1,302		1,450		1,181		3,817	3,592	3,476	3,024	3,631
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Camden County, North Carolina Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance June 30, 2024

	2024		2023	2022	2021		2020	2019
Beginning balance	568,16	8	642,295	627,615	429	,868	237,690	263,319
Service Cost	27,39	5	34,064	33,537	26	,136	22,950	18,007
Interest on the total pension liability	23,96	0	14,221	11,914	13	,679	8,278	8,043
Changes of benefit terms		-	-	-		-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of								
the total pension liability	31,45	1	22,046	10,264	21	,924	166,164	(22,941)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	17,64	3	(123,937)	(20,414)	156	,529	15,307	(11,127)
Benefit payments	(24,49	0)	(20,521)	(20,621)	(20	,521)	(20,521)	(17,611)
Other changes		-	-	-		-	-	-
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 644,12	7 \$	568,168	\$ 642,295	\$ 627	,615 \$	6 429,868	237,690

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending December 31.

Camden County, North Carolina Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance June 30, 2024

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Total pension liability Covered employee payroll Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	\$ 644,127 1,071,432 60.12%	\$ 568,268 915,614 62.05%	\$ 642,295 876,362 73.29%	\$ 627,615 917,087 68.44%	\$ 429,868 \$ 796,360 53.98%	237,690 633,413 37.53%

Notes to the schedules:

Camden County has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

Camden County, North Carolina Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Healthcare Benefits Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	 2024	2023	2022	2021	2020		2019
Total OPEB Liability							
Service cost	\$ 28,992	\$ 37,437	\$ 40,638	\$ 30,244	\$ 55,212	\$	56,912
Interest	40,847	28,002	28,307	40,779	52,879		48,580
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	-	-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(651,963)	(10,720)	(98,395)	4,757	(266,186)		4,942
Changes of assumptions	13,033	(133,352)	125,715	119,951	24,788		(43,588)
Benefit payments	 (34,755)	(76,032)	(78,954)	(101,376)	(81,084)		(63,376)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(603,846)	(154,665)	17,311	94,355	(214,391)		3,470
Total OPEB liability - beginning	 1,142,111	1,296,776	1,279,465	1,185,110	1,399,501	1	,396,031
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 538,265	\$ 1,142,111	\$ 1,296,776	\$ 1,279,465	\$ 1,185,110	\$1	,399,501
County's covered-employee payroll	\$ 964,805	\$ 1,028,093	\$ 1,028,093	\$ 1,394,749	\$ 1,394,749	\$ 1	,812,821
County's OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	55.79%	111.09%	126.13%	91.73%	84.97%		77.20%

Notes to Schedule

Changes of assumptions: Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate of each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

Fiscal year	Rate
2019	3.89%
2020	3.50%
2021	2.21%
2022	2.16%
2023	3.54%
2024	3.65%

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund accounts for resources traditionally associated with government that are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in other funds.

Special Capital Fund is presented separately for budget compliance reporting but is combined with the General Fund in Exhibit 4.

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Ad Valorem Taxes:			
Taxes	\$ 10,051,273	\$ 12,395,098	\$ 2,343,825
Penalties and Interest	40,000	91,620	51,620
Total	10,091,273	12,486,718	2,395,445
Other Taxes and Licenses:			
Local option sales tax	1,295,100	2,327,417	
Telecommunications tax	700,000	611,877	
Scrap tire disposal tax	15,000	20,860	
Video franchise fee	40,000	302,482	
3 Cent Operating	706,750	453,414	
White goods tax	4,000	6,139	
Medicaid hold harmless	100,000	652,041	
Total	2,860,850	4,374,230	1,513,380
Unrestricted Intergovernmental revenues:			
Beer and wine tax	-	52,391	
Payments in lieu of taxes	100	863	
ABC profit distribution	36,000	156,106	
Total	36,100	209,360	173,260
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,
Restricted Intergovernmental:			
State and Federal Grants	2,844,259	2,271,139	
ABC profits for law enforcement	5,000	6,680	
Solid waste disposal tax	326,000	340,229	
Court facilities fees	20,000	33,522	
Total	3,195,259	2,651,570	(543,689)
Permits and Fees:			
Gun permits	13,600	20,040	
Fines and forfeitures	55,000	121,800	
Register of Deeds	211,500	196,793	
Election fees	8,875	9,974	
Business registration fee	-	280	
Other fees	1,184,918	24,333	
Building permits and inspections, including land use fees	223,618	241,845	

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Sales and Services:	<u>_</u>		<u>`</u> ¥ź
Rent and Concessions	80,300	403,811	
Jail fees	3,000	5,970	
Officer fees	64,380	97,856	
Total	147,680	507,637	359,957
Investment Earnings: Interest	21,050	787,728	766,678
Miscellaneous:			
Sale of fixed assets	5,030	100,000	
Sale of recyclables	21,000	30,935	
Other	63,176	255,176	
Total	89,206	386,111	296,905
TOTAL REVENUES	18,138,929	22,018,419	3,879,490
Expenditures:			
General Government:			
Governing body	176,298	157,130	
Administration	948,694	739,577	
Finance	278,520	248,425	
Tax administration	571,314	493,374	
Personnel	131,235	86,183	
Legal	50,000	42,232	
Register of deeds	313,757	276,038	
Elections	185,166	159,484	
Public buildings	617,980	554,601	
Court facilities	19,928	35,430	
Revaluation Fund	30,000	-	
Capital Outlay		-	
Total general government	3,322,892	2,792,474	530,418

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Public Safety:			
Sheriff	3,480,048	3,019,275	
Jail	275,000	272,304	
Regional jail	157,290	157,216	
Juvenile justice and delinquency program	86,839	72,200	
School resource officer	313,977	257,607	
Inspections	298,845	166,762	
Contribution to fire districts	634,143	673,561	
Emergency management	691,327	691,327	
Central communications	407,704	388,047	
Total	6,345,173	5,698,299	646,874
Economic and physical development:			
Economic development	48,301	10,026	
Agricultural extension	200,794	269,335	
Planning	384,279	267,158	
Albemarle commission	10,500	7,464	
Resource conservation and development	750	750	
Soil/water conservation	141,476	127,825	
Total	786,100	682,558	103,542
Human services:			
Health:			
Albemarle mental health	20,000	20,000	
Nutrition program	27,550	27,550	
Regional health	41,540	41,540	
Other health programs	2,158,104	1,773,793	
Total human services	2,247,194	1,862,883	384,311
Transportation: Traffic	5,100	3,615	1,485

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Social services:	Duuget	metuur	(Regulive)
Administration	1,402,987	1,230,702	
Medical travel	10,000	6,178	
County provided assistance	50,000	44,890	
Adoptions	6,200	6,003	
Aid to the blind program	1,200	1,184	
Foster care	75,000	39,068	
Crisis intervention	20,683	7,040	
Work first program	15,000	8,903	
LIEAP expenses	32,876	16,979	
Other assistance	6,905	2,184	
Total social services	1,620,851	1,363,131	257,720
Total Human Services	3,873,145	3,229,629	643,516
Cultural and Recreational:			
Recreation	462,429	394,576	
Library	262,581	266,136	
Museum	-	14,770	
College of the Albemarle	47,250	93,214	
Senior citizens services	162,579	147,584	
Total Cultural and Recreational	934,839	916,280	18,559
Environmental protection:			
Public works administration	2,279,834	717,753	
Forestry program	76,285	54,612	
Sanitation	838,615	922,675	
Total environmental protection	3,194,734	1,695,040	1,499,694
Education:			
Public Schools:		0.000.000	
Current Expense	3,706,750	3,380,000	
Capital Outlay	587,200	-	012.050
Total Education	4,293,950	3,380,000	913,950
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement	572,150	421,460	
Interest and Fees	22,697	118,837	
Total Debt Service	594,847	540,297	54,550
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	23,345,680	18,934,577	4,411,103
Revenues over Expenditures	(5,206,751)	3,083,842	8,290,593

Other financing sources (uses): Fund Balance Appropriated Transfer in Transfer out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	Final Budget 5,206,751 - 5,206,751	Actual - 1,096,873 (1,511,382) (414,509)	Variance Positive (Negative) (5,621,260)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	2,669,333	\$ 2,669,333
Fund balances: Beginning of year, as previously reported Restatement Beginning of year, July 1 restated		14,108,590 <u>387,521</u> 14,496,111	
End of year, June 30		\$ 17,165,444	

OTHER MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND

Major Governmental Fund - Special Capital Fund-Fire Districts Fund- Courthouse & Shiloh

		2024	
	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues Other taxes Land sale Investment earnings Total Revenue	\$ 905,000	\$ 721,517 - <u>396,088</u> 1,117,605	\$ 212,605
Expenditures Operating expenses Capital outlay Total Expenditures	1,117,247	- - 	1,117,247
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(212,247)	1,117,605	1,329,852
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers from (to) other funds Proceeds from Lease Purchase	(576,873)	(576,873)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(576,873)	(576,873)	
Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	(789,120)	540,732	1,329,852
Fund Balance Appropriated	789,120		(789,120)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	540,732	\$ 540,732
Fund Balance: Beginning of Year, July 1		6,519,323	
End of Year, June 30		\$ 7,060,055	

Camden County, North Carolina Fire District Funds - Courthouse and Shiloh Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

		2024	
	F ' 1		Variance
	Final Budget	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:	Dudget	Tietuar	(Unidvordole)
Ad valorem taxes		\$ 101,822	
Restricted intergovernmental		31,000	
Other taxes		407,287	
Investment earnings		14,384	
Miscellaneous	¢ 502.024	33,752	¢ 0(011
Total Revenues	\$ 502,234	588,245	\$ 86,011
Expenditures:			
Public safety:			
Salaries and benefits		-	
Operating expenses		321,278	
Capital outlay		117,300	
Debt service: Principal and Interest		94,396	
Total Expenditures	502,234	532,974	(30,740)
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		55,271	55,271
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Proceeds of long-term debt	_	_	-
Transfer to General Fund	-	_	-
Total Other Financing			
Sources (Uses)			
Revenues and Other Financing			
Sources Over (Under) Uses	_	55,271	55,271
Sources over (onder) oses		55,271	55,271
Fund Balance Appropriated			
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	55,271	\$ 55,271
Fund Balance:			
Fund balances-beginning as previously state	he	180,644	
Restatement		98,924	
Fund balances-beginning restated		279,568	
End of Year, June 30		\$ 334,839	

Camden County, North Carolina School Capital Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

			2024		
		Budget	Actual	Fav	riance vorable avorable)
Revenues:					
Other taxes			\$ 1,614,021		
Local contributions			150,000		
Investment earnings			360,775		
Total Revenues	\$	2,804,612	 2,124,796	\$	(679,816)
Expenditures:					
Education:					
Operating expenses			 3,083,252		
Total Expenditures		2,284,612	 3,083,252		(798,640)
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		520,000	 (958,456)	(1,478,456)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfer from other funds		-	1,511,382		1,511,382
Transfer to other funds		(520,000)	(520,000)		-
Total Other Financing					
Sources (Uses)		(520,000)	 991,382		1,511,382
Revenues and Other Financing					
Sources Over (Under) Uses		-	32,926		32,926
Fund Balance Appropriated		<u> </u>	 		
Net change in fund balance	\$	<u> </u>	32,926	\$	32,926
Fund Balance: Fund balances-beginning as previously state Restatement Fund balances-beginning restated	ed		 7,464,573 (786,844) 6,677,729		
End of Year, June 30			\$ 6,710,655		

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

Camden County, North Carolina Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2024

									Special Reven	ue Funds								C	apital Project Fi	unds		
	Enh and	tomation ancement Preserva- on Fund	Watershee Fund		Dismal Swamp Visitor Center	South Mills VFD	Joyce Creek Drainage Fund	Community Park Trust	Eco Dev Fund	School Fund	Revaluation Fund	Cares Act 19	Represen Payee F		Opioid Settlement Fund	Ferbee Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Scattered Housing Grant	Boat Ramp Grant	Total Nonmajor Capital Project Funds	Gov	Nonmajor vernmental Funds
Assets:																						
Cash and investments Restricted Cash Accounts receivable Taxes receivable (net)	\$	2,802	\$ 645,233 - - -		\$ 115,605 - 281 -	\$115,691 6,012 2,725	\$ 474,448 - - -	\$ - 1,865	\$ - - -	\$ 12,720 - - -	\$ 220,670 - 6 -	\$ - 16,290	\$	8,350 - 61	\$ - 195,493 624,600 -	\$1,771 - -	\$ 1,597,290 195,493 649,115 2,725	\$	\$ 53,966 - - -	\$ 53,966 - - -	\$	1,651,256 195,493 649,115 2,725
Total Assets	\$	2,802	\$ 645,233	5	\$ 115,886	\$124,428	\$ 474,448	\$ 1,865	\$ -	\$ 12,720	\$ 220,676	\$ 16,290	\$	8,411	\$ 820,093	\$1,771	\$ 2,444,623	\$ -	\$ 53,966	\$ 53,966	\$	2,498,589
Liabilities and Fund Balances:																						
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Unearned revenue Due to other funds Total liabilities	\$	-	\$ - - -	· •	\$ 5,532 - - 5,532	\$ - - -	\$	\$ - - - 36,568 - 36,568	\$ - <u>194,838</u> 194,838	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - 16,290 16,290	\$	-	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ 5,532 - - 247,696 253,228	\$ - - 704,866 704,866	\$ - 4,848 - 4,848	\$ - 4,848 704,866 709,714	\$	5,532 4,848 952,562 962,942
Deferred Inflows of Resources Opiod funds Property taxes receivable Total deferred inflows of resources		-			-	2,725	-					-		-	624,600 - 624,600	-	624,600 2,725 627,325	-	-	-	_	624,600 2,725 627,325
Fund Balances: Restricted Stabilization by State Statute Register of Deeds Health Services Fire Protection Committed Tax Revaluation School capital		2,802			281	6,012 - - 115,691 -	-		-	12,720	- - - 220,676	16,290 - - - -		61 - 8,350 -	624,600 - - -	-	647,244 2,802 8,350 115,691 - 220,676 12,720		:	-		647,244 2,802 8,350 115,691 220,676 12,720
School capital Economic development Total fund balances		2,802	645,233 645,233		110,073 110,354	121,703	474,448	(34,703) (34,703)	(194,838) (194,838)	12,720	220,676	(16,290)		8,411	(429,107) 195,493	1,771 1,771	12,720 556,587 1,564,070	(704,866) (704,866)	49,118 49,118	(655,748) (655,748)		(99,161) 908,322
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	2,802	\$ 645,233	<u> </u>	\$ 115,886	\$124,428	\$ 474,448	\$ 1,865	\$ -	\$ 12,720	\$ 220,676	\$ 16,290	\$	8,411	\$ 820,093	\$1,771	\$ 2,444,623	\$-	\$ 53,966	\$ 53,966	\$	2,498,589

Camden County, North Carolina Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	• •						Special Re	venue Funds								Capital Project Fund		
	Auto Enhancement and Preserva- tion Fund	Watershed Fund	Dismal Swamp Visitor Center	South Mills VFD	Joyce Creek Drainage Fund	Community Park Trust	Eco Dev Fund	School Fund	Revaluation Fund	Cares Act 19	Representative Payee Fund	Opioid Settlement Fund	Ferbee Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Scattered Housing Grant	Boat Ramp Grant	Total Nonmajor Capital Project Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:																		
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 66,515	\$ 46,458	\$-	ş -	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 112,973	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 112,973
Other taxes	-	-	-	266,274	-	-	-	1,915	-	-	-	-	-	268,189	-	-	-	268,189
Local contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Donations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment earnings	49	32,763	-	7,542	24,613	-	-	693	11,939	-	-	4,513	90	82,202		-	-	82,202
Sales	-	-	52,310	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	52,310	-	-	-	52,310
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Federal and State grants			20,472	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	50,691	130,000	-	201,163	135,228	-	135,228	336,391
Fees	4,813	75,849	-	1,293	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	81,955		-		81,955
Total revenues	4,862	108,612	72,782	341,624	71,071			2,608	11,939		50,691	134,513	90	798,792	135,228	-	135,228	934,020
Expenditures:																		
General government	5,600					-		-	7,209		-	-	-	12,809		-		12,809
Public safety			-	240,104	-	-			.,			-	-	240,104		-		240,104
Environmental protection		7,388		210,101								-		7,388				7,388
Economic and physical development		-,500	61,739		6.812	_	4.593					_		73,144	24.478	_	24,478	97,622
Health services			01,755		0,012	_	4,575				77,767	_	_	77,767	24,470	_	24,470	77,767
Cultural and recreation			_		_	567					,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_	_	567		_		567
Education						507								507				507
Debt service:																		
Principal retirement		-		103,674										103.674			-	103,674
Interest and fees	-	-	-	105,674	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	105,674	-	-	-	105,674
Total Expenditures	5.600	7.388	61.739	343.778	6.812	567	4.593		7.209		77.767			515.453	24.478		24.478	539.931
i otai Expenditures	5,600	/,388	61,/39	343,778	6,812	56/	4,593		7,209		//,/6/	<u>.</u>		515,453	24,478		24,478	539,931
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(738)	101,224	11,043	(2,154)	64,259	(567)	(4,593)	2,608	4,730	<u> </u>	(27,076)	134,513	90	283,339	110,750		110,750	394,089
Other Financing Sources (Uses):																		
Proceeds of long-term debt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers from (to) other sources	<u> </u>				<u> </u>	<u> </u>			·		- <u> </u>		<u> </u>		·		·	
Total other financing sources (uses)				<u> </u>		<u> </u>		-				<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
Net change in Fund Balance	(738)	101,224	11,043	(2,154)	64,259	(567)	(4,593)	2,608	4,730	-	(27,076)	134,513	90	283,339	110,750		110,750	394,089
Fund balances:																		
Beginning of Year, July 1	3,540	544,009	99.311	123,857	410,189	(34,136)	(190.245)	10.112	215,946		35,487	60.980	1,681	1.280.731	(815,616)	49,118	(766.498)	514,233
End of year, June 30	\$ 2.802	\$ 645.233	\$ 110.354	\$ 121,703	\$ 474,448	\$ (34,703)	\$ (194.838)	\$ 12,720	\$ 220,676	\$ -	\$ 8.411	\$ 195,493	\$ 1.771	\$ 1.564.070	\$ (704.866)	\$ 49.118	\$ (655,748)	\$ 908.322
	- 2,002			2 121,700	/ .,	÷ (51)/00)	- (2) (000)	- 12,720	1 10,070	*	• 0,111	4 210,190	- 1,771	2,501,070	+ (701,000)	- 15,110	÷ (555,710)	

Camden County, North Carolina Automation Enhancement and Preservation Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

		2024		
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues				
Fees	\$ 5,000	\$ 4,813	\$ (187)	
Investment Earnings	10	49	39	
Other income				
Total revenues	5,010	4,862	(148)	
Expenditures:				
Operating expenses		5,600		
Total Expenditures	11,000	5,600	5,400	
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(5,990)	(738)	5,252	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers from Other Funds	-	-	-	
Transfers to Other Funds				
Total Other Financing				
Sources (Uses)				
Revenues and Other Financing				
Sources Over (Under) Uses	(5,990)	(738)	5,252	
Fund Balance Appropriated	5,990		(5,990)	
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	(738)	\$ (738)	
Fund Balance: Beginning of Year, July 1		3,540		
End of Year, June 30		\$ 2,802		

Camden County, North Carolina Watershed Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Final Budget	2024 Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues			
Fees	\$ 62,139	\$ 75,849	\$ 13,710
Grants	φ 02,137 -	φ 75,047 -	φ 15,710 -
Investment earnings	200	32,763	32,563
Total revenues	62,339	108,612	(46,273)
Expenditures: Operating expenses Total Expenditures Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures Net change in fund balance Fund Balance Appropriated	62,339	7,388 7,388 101,224 101,224	<u>54,951</u> 101,224 101,224
Net change in fund balance Fund Balance:	\$ -	101,224	\$ 101,224
Beginning of Year, July 1		544,009	
End of Year, June 30		\$ 645,233	

Camden County, North Carolina Dismal Swamp Visitor Center Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

		2024	
			Variance
	Final		Favorable
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Revenues			
Restricted intergovernmental	\$ 160,000	\$ 20,472	
Sales	49,638	52,310	
Local contributions	3,559	52,510	
Total Revenue	213,197	72,782	\$ (140,415)
	213,177	12,102	φ (110,115)
Expenditures			
Salaries and benefits		-	
Operating expenses		61,739	
Total Expenditures	213,197	61,739	151,458
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		11,043	11,043
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers from other funds	-	-	-
Proceeds from Lease Purchase			
Total Other Financing			
Sources (Uses)			
December of Other Financia - Courses			
Revenues and Other Financing Sources		11.042	11.042
Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	-	11,043	11,043
Fund Balance Appropriated	_	_	-
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	11,043	\$ 11,043
6		,	. ,
Fund Balance:			
Beginning of Year, July 1		99,311	
End of Year, June 30		\$ 110,354	

Camden County, North Carolina Fire District Fund - South Mills Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

		2024	
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:			
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 62,759	\$ 66,515	\$ 3,756
Other taxes	251,037	266,274	15,237
Investment earnings	500	7,542	7,042
Other grants	30,000	-	(30,000)
Other fees		1,293	1,293
Total Revenues	344,296	341,624	(2,672)
Expenditures: Public safety:			
Salaries and benefits	3,000	2,947	53
Operating expenses	178,796	178,732	64
Capital outlay	58,500	58,425	75
Debt service: Principal and Interest	104,000	103,674	326
Total Expenditures	344,296	343,778	518
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(2,154)	(2,154)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Proceeds from Installment Loan	-	-	-
Transfer to General Fund		-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Revenues and Other Financing		(2, 154)	(2, 154)
Sources Over (Under) Uses	-	(2,154)	(2,154)
Fund Balance Appropriated			
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	(2,154)	\$ (2,154)
Fund Balance: Beginning of Year, as previously reported Restatement Beginning of Year, restated End of Year, June 30		76,194 47,663 123,857 \$ 197,897	

Camden County, North Carolina Drainage Fund - Joyce Creek Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

		2024	
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:	¢ 42.170	¢ 46 459	¢ 2.200
Ad valorem taxes Grants	\$ 43,160	\$ 46,458	\$ 3,298
Investment earnings	1,000	24,613	23,613
Total Revenues	44,160	71,071	26,911
Expenditures:			
Environmental Protection: Operating expenses Capital outlay		6,812	
Total Expenditures	44,160	6,812	37,348
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		64,259	64,259
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from Installment Loan Transfer to General Fund Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	- 	- 	
Revenues and Other Financing			
Sources Over (Under) Uses	-	64,259	64,259
Fund Balance Appropriated		<u> </u>	
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	64,259	\$ 64,259
Fund Balance: Beginning of Year, July 1		410,189	
End of Year, June 30		\$ 474,448	

Camden County, North Carolina Community Park Trust Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

			20)24		
	Fii Buc		Ac	tual	Fav	riance orable worable)
Revenues						
Restricted Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Local Contributions		-		-		-
Investment earnings	1	-		-		-
Total Revenue		-				-
Expenditures						
Operating expenses				567		
Capital outlay				-		
Total Expenditures		_		567		(567)
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures				(567)		(567)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers from other funds		-		-		-
Proceeds from Lease Purchase		-		-		-
Total Other Financing						
Sources (Uses)		-				-
Revenues and Other Financing Sources						
Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses		-		(567)		(567)
Fund Balance Appropriated		_				
Net change in fund balance	\$			(567)	\$	(567)
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of Year, July 1			(3	34,136)		
End of Year, June 30			\$ (3	34,703)		

Camden County, North Carolina Eco Dev Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

		2024	
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues			
Restricted Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	
Local contributions	-	-	
Miscellaneous	-	-	
Investment earnings			
Total Revenue	-		-
Expenditures			
Operating expenses		4,593	
Capital outlay		-	
Total Expenditures		4,593	(4,593)
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(4,593)	(4,593)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers from other funds	-	-	-
Proceeds from Lease Purchase	-	-	-
Total Other Financing			
Sources (Uses)			
Revenues and Other Financing Sources			
Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	-	(4,593)	(4,593)
Fund Balance Appropriated		<u> </u>	
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	(4,593)	\$ (4,593)
Fund Balance:			
Beginning of Year, July 1		(190,245)	
End of Year, June 30		\$ (194,838)	

Camden County, North Carolina School Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

		2024	
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues			
Tax penalties and interest	\$ 3,000	\$ 1,915	
Investment earnings	100	693	
Total Revenue	3,100	2,608	\$ (492)
Expenditures			
Operating expenses		-	
Capital outlay		-	
Total Expenditures	8,100		8,100
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(5,000)	2,608	7,608
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers from other funds	-	-	-
Proceeds from Lease Purchase	-	-	-
Total Other Financing			
Sources (Uses)			
Revenues and Other Financing Sources			
Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	(5,000)	2,608	7,608
		,	,
Fund Balance Appropriated	5,000		(5,000)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	2,608	\$ 2,608
Fund Balance:			
Beginning of Year, July 1		10,112	
End of Year, June 30		\$ 12,720	

Camden County, North Carolina Revaluation Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

		2024	
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues Ad Valorem taxes Investment earnings Total Revenue	\$ 30,000 500 30,500	\$ - <u>11,939</u> <u>11,939</u>	\$ (30,000) <u>11,439</u> (18,561)
Expenditures Operating expenses Total Expenditures	30,500	7,209 7,209	23,291
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u> </u>	4,730	4,730
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers from (to) other funds Proceeds from Lease Purchase Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	- 	- 	-
Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	-	4,730	4,730
Fund Balance Appropriated			<u> </u>
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	4,730	\$ 4,730
Fund Balance: Beginning of Year, July 1		215,946	
End of Year, June 30		\$ 220,676	

Camden County, North Carolina Cares Act 19 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

			20)24		
					Vari	
	Fi				Favo	
	Buc	lget	Ac	tual	(Unfav	orable)
Revenues						
Ad Valorem taxes	\$	_	\$	_		
Investment earnings	Ψ	_	Ψ	_		
Restricted Intergovernmental		-		-		
Total Revenue		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	\$	_
					Ψ	
Expenditures						
Operating expenses		-		-		
Capital outlay				_		
Total Expenditures		-		-		-
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		-				_
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers from other funds		-		-		-
Proceeds from Lease Purchase		-		-		-
Total Other Financing						
Sources (Uses)		-		-		-
Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses		_		-		_
Fund Balance Appropriated	1	-				-
Net change in fund balance	\$	-		-	\$	-
Fund Balance: Beginning of Year, July 1				-		
End of Year, June 30			\$	-		

Camden County, North Carolina Representative Payee Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

		2024	
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues			
Ad Valorem taxes		\$ -	
Investment earnings		-	
Miscellaneous		50,691	
Total Revenue	\$ 70,321	50,691	\$ (19,630)
Expenditures			
Operating expenses		77,767	
Capital outlay			
Total Expenditures	70,321	77,767	(7,446)
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(27,076)	(27,076)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers from other funds	-	-	-
Proceeds from Lease Purchase	-	-	-
Total Other Financing			
Sources (Uses)			
Revenues and Other Financing Sources			
Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	-	(27,076)	(27,076)
Fund Balance Appropriated			
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u> -	(27,076)	\$ (27,076)
Fund Balance:			
Beginning of Year, July 1		35,487	
End of Year, June 30		\$ 8,411	

Camden County, North Carolina Opioid Settlement Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

		2024	
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues Ad Valorem taxes Investment earnings Restricted Intergovernmental Total Revenue	\$ - 60,980 - 60,980	\$ - 4,513 130,000 134,513	\$ 73,533
Expenditures Operating expenses Capital outlay Total Expenditures	60,980	- - -	60,980
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		134,513	134,513
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers from other funds Proceeds from Lease Purchase Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	- 		
Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	-	134,513	134,513
Fund Balance Appropriated	<u> </u>		
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	134,513	\$ 134,513
Fund Balance: Beginning of Year, as previously reported Restatement Beginning of Year, restated End of Year, June 30		60,980 60,980 \$ 195,493	

Camden County, North Carolina Ferbee Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

		2024	
	Final		Variance Favorable
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Revenues			
Ad Valorem taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Investment earnings	30	90	60
Restricted Intergovernmental	-	-	-
Total Revenue	30	90	60
Expenditures			
Operating expenses		-	
Capital outlay		-	
Total Expenditures	1,530	-	1,530
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,500)	90	1,590
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers from other funds	-	-	-
Proceeds from Lease Purchase	-	-	-
Total Other Financing			
Sources (Uses)			
Revenues and Other Financing Sources			
Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	(1,500)	90	1,590
Fund Balance Appropriated	1,500		(1,500)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	90	\$ 90
Fund Balance:			
Beginning of Year, July 1		1,681	
End of Year, June 30		\$ 1,771	

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds

Camden County, North Carolina Scattered Housing Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

Revenues:	Project Author - ization	Prior Years	Actual Current Year	Total to Date	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Restricted:					
Restricted Intergovernmental Grant 05-C-1356 Grant 08-C-1817 SFR 12 Grant	\$ 1,000,000 658,355 242,676 80,891	\$ - - -	\$ 135,228 - -	\$ 135,228 - - -	\$ (864,772) (658,355) (242,676) (80,891)
SRSF Grant Total Revenues	256,933	1 061 456	135,228	-	(256,933)
I otal Revenues	2,238,855	1,961,456	135,228	2,096,684	(142,171)
Expenditures: Current: Economic and physical development:	2,238,855	2,779,204	24,478	2,803,682	(564,827)
	2,200,000				(001,027)
Revenues over expenditures		(817,748)	110,750	(706,998)	(706,998)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in (out)	-	-	-	-	-
Local contribution	-	2,132	-	2,132	(2,132)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		2,132		2,132	(2,132)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ (815,616)	110,750	\$ (704,866)	\$ (704,866)
Fund Balance: Beginning of Year, July 1			(815,616)		
End of Year, June 30			\$ (704,866)		

Camden County, North Carolina Boat Ramp Grant Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

Revenues:	Project Author - ization	Prior Years	Actual Current Year	Total to Date	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Restricted:					
Restricted Intergovernmental	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,124	\$ -	\$ 100,124	\$ (100,000)
Total Revenues	100,000	100,124	-	100,124	124
Expenditures: Current:					
Economic and physical development	100,000	51,006		51,006	48,994
Revenues over expenditures		49,118		49,118	49,118
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers in (out)	-	-	-	-	-
Local contribution	-	-	-	-	-
Total Other Financing					
Sources (Uses)					
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ </u>	\$ 49,118	-	\$ 49,118	\$ 49,118
Fund Balance: Beginning of Year, July 1			49,118		
End of Year, June 30			\$ 49,118		

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of net income is appropriate for accountability purposes.

Camden County, North Carolina Enterprise Fund - Water & Sewer District Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual - (Non-GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

		2024	
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Operating Revenues			
Water sales		\$ 1,537,014	
Tap on Fees		115,825	
Penalties		46,480	
Miscellaneous		8,070	
Total water sales	\$ 1,574,050	1,707,389	\$ 133,339
Waste water sales		305,129	
Total waste water sales	304,939	305,129	190
Total Operating Revenues	1,878,989	2,012,518	133,529
Nonoperating Revenues			
Interest on Investments	1,000		(1,000)
Total Revenues	1,879,989	2,012,518	132,529
Expenditures:			
Reverse osmosis plant			
Salaries and employee benefits		214,254	
Repairs and maintenance		46,335	
Chemicals		66,631	
Utilities		146,412	
Operating expenses		40,004	
Total	548,731	513,636	35,095
Water distribution:			
		267 524	
Salaries and employee benefits Repairs and maintenance		267,524 34,672	
Supplies		16,590	
Contracted services		28,342	
Operating expenses		28,342 115,882	
Total	651,431	463,010	188,421
10(4)	031,431	403,010	100,421

Camden County, North Carolina Enterprise Fund - Water & Sewer District Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual - (Non-GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

		2024	
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Waste Water treatment: Salaries and employee benefits Repairs and maintenance Utilities Chemicals Supplies Operating expenses Total	389,633	108,027 27,325 38,845 22,729 52,666 46,581 296,173	93,460
Budgetary Appropriations: Capital Outlay Interest Paid Debt Principal Total	593,508	120,839 236,088 214,000 570,927	22,581
Total Expenditures	2,183,303	1,843,746	339,557
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(303,314)	168,772	472,086
Other Financing Sources and (Uses): Debt Proceeds Capital Contributions Transfer from other funds Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	203,314	- - 	(203,314)
Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenses and Other Uses	(100,000)	168,772	268,772
Appropriated Fund Balance	100,000		(100,000)
Revenues, Other Sources and Appropriated Fund Balance Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 168,772	\$ 168,772

		2024	
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
conciliation from Budgetary Basis (Modified Accrual) to Full A	ccrual:		
Revenues, Other Sources and Appropriated			
Fund Balance Over (Under)			
Expenditures and Other Uses		\$ 168,772	
Reconciling items:			
Capital Outlay		120,839	
Principal Payments		214,000	
(Increase) decrease in accrued vacation pay		(9,139)	
(Increase) decrease in net pension liability		(43,561)	
Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resources		8,718	
(Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of resources		(40,137)	
(Increase) decrease in accrued OPEB		60,385	
Other income from Water - Capital Projects Fund		203,466	
Interest income from Water Capital Projects Fund		404,639	
Capital contributions in Water Capital Project Fund		-	
Depreciation		(662,995)	
Total reconciling items		256,215	
Change in net position		\$ 424,987	

Camden County, North Carolina Water and Sewer District Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

Revenues: Restricted intergovernmental - Rural Center Restricted intergovernmental - CWMTF Funds Restricted intergovernmental - CDBG Other Interest Income	Project Author - ization \$ 3,400,000 3,564,011 600,000 75,905	Prior Years \$ 3,489,950 3,096,007 600,000 1,384,588 66,302	Actual Current Year \$ - 203,466 82,524	Total to Date \$ 3,489,950 3,096,007 600,000 1,588,054 148,826 0,020,022	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable) \$ 89,950 (468,004) - 1,512,149 148,826
Total Revenues	7,639,916	8,636,847	285,990	8,922,837	1,282,921
Expenditures: Sewer Construction:					
Legal fees		51,292	-	51,292	
Land		70,360	-	70,360	
Engineering		445,701	-	445,701	
Collection system		1,463,078	-	1,463,078	
Construction		6,818,231	-	6,818,231	
Spray fields Fund reserves		302,362 116,864	-	302,362 116,864	
Total	11,089,899	9,267,888		9,267,888	1,822,011
Revenues over expenditures	(3,449,983)	(631,041)	285,990	(345,051)	3,104,932
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Fund balance appropriated	1,132,861	-	-	-	(1,132,861)
Revolving loan funds	1,367,122	1,307,809	-	1,307,809	(59,313)
Transfers In	950,000	582,291		582,291	(367,709)
Total Other Financing					
Sources (Uses)	3,449,983	1,890,100		1,890,100	(1,559,883)
Revenues, Other Sources Over (Under)					
Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ -	\$ 1,259,059	\$ 285,990	\$ 1,545,049	\$ 1,545,049

Camden County, North Carolina Water and Sewer District Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Project Author - ization	Prior Years	Actual Current Year	Total to Date	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues: Restricted intergovernmental - CWMTF	\$ 1,464,100	\$ 2,425,766	\$ -	\$ 2,425,766	\$ 961,666
Restricted intergovernmental - C wint F	\$ 1,404,100 649.875	\$ 2,423,700 693.600	թ -	\$ 2,423,700 693,600	43,725
Restricted intergovernmental - Golden Leaf	200,000	200,000	-	200,000	
Restricted intergovernmental - DOT Grant	269,810	276,868	-	276,868	7,058
Other	-	75,099	-	75,099	75,099
Interest Income	-	267,992	322,115	590,107	590,107
Total Revenues	2,583,785	3,939,325	322,115	4,261,440	1,677,655
Expenditures:					
Sewer improvements	5,519,510	5,519,070	-	5,519,070	440
Professional services	115,000	19,796	-	19,796	95,204
Fund reserves					
Total	5,634,510	5,538,866	-	5,538,866	95,644
Revenues over expenditures	(3,050,725)	(1,599,541)	322,115	(1,277,426)	1,773,299
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Fund balance appropriated	35,725	-	-	-	(35,725)
Debt proceeds	2,800,000	2,800,000	-	2,800,000	-
Transfers In	215,000	-	-	-	(215,000)
Total Other Financing					
Sources (Uses)	3,050,725	2,800,000		2,800,000	(250,725)
Revenues, Other Sources Over (Under)					
Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ -	\$ 1,200,459	\$ 322,115	\$ 1,522,574	\$ 1,522,574

OTHER SCHEDULES

This section includes additional information on property taxes.

- Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable
- Analysis of Current Tax Levy
- Secondary Market Disclosures
- Ten Largest Taxpayers

Camden County, North Carolina General Fund Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable June 30, 2024

Fiscal Year	Uncollected Balance July 1, 2023 Additions		Collections And Credits	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2024	
2023-2024		\$ 12,542,639	\$ 12,271,999	\$	270,640
2022-2023	198,199	-	89,119	Ŧ	109,080
2021-2022	101,822	-	28,246		73,576
2019-2020	45,632	-	9,172		36,460
2018-2019	25.945	-	3,404		22,541
2017-2018	19,178	-	1,965		17,213
2016-2017	12,553	-	296		12,257
2015-2016	7,843	-	190		7,653
2014-2015	6,654	-	55		6,599
2013-2014	8,841	-	8,841		-
TOTALS	\$ 426,667	\$ 12,542,639	\$ 12,413,287	\$	556,019
					(100.010)
Less: Allowance for uncollectable taxes					(109,310)

Ad valorem taxes - General Fund	\$ 446,709
Reconcilement with revenues:	
Ad valorem taxes - General Fund Reconciling items:	\$ 12,486,718
Penalties and Interest	(91,620)
Release	18,189
Total Reconciling Items	(73,431)
Total Collections and Credits	\$ 12,413,287

Camden County, North Carolina Analysis of Current Tax Levy County - Wide Levy For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

				Total Levy	
	County - w	ide		Property excluding Registered	Registered
	Property Valuation	Rate	Amount of Levy	Motor Vehicles	Motor Vehicles
Original levy: Property Taxes at Current Year Rate Total Original Levy	\$ 1,694,951,216 1,694,951,216	0.7400%	\$ 12,542,639 12,542,639	\$ 11,276,736 11,276,736	\$ 1,265,903 1,265,903
Total for Year	\$ 1,694,951,216		12,542,639	11,276,736	1,265,903
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2024			270,640	270,640	
Current year's taxes collected			\$ 12,271,999	\$ 11,006,096	\$ 1,265,903
Current levy collection percentage			97.84%	97.60%	100.00%

Secondary Market Disclosures:

Assessed Valuation:	
Assessment Ratio ¹	
Real Property	\$ 1,368,867,883
Personal Property ³	259,075,942
Public Service Companies ²	67,007,391
Total Assessed Valuation	1,694,951,216
Tax Rate per \$100	
Levy (includes discoveries, releases and abatements) ³	\$ 12,542,639

\$

168,337

In addition to the County-wide rate, the following table lists the levies by the County on behalf and fire protection districts for the fiscal year ended June 30:

Fire Protection Districts

¹ Percentage of appraised value has been established by statute.

² Valuation of railroads, telephone companies and other utilities as

determined by the North Carolina Property Tax Commission.

³ The levy includes penalties and multi-rate for motor vehicles.

Camden County, North Carolina Schedule of Ten Largest Taxpayers For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

Taxpayer	Type of Business	2023 Assessed Valuation	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation
Stonebriar Commercial	Real Estate	\$ 62,762,315	5.28%
Northern Agriculture III LLC	Agricultural	16,433,244	1.38
Dominion North Carolina Power	Utility	10,366,622	0.87
Albemarle Elec Membership Corp	Utility	9,485,599	0.80
Blue Sky Development, LLC	Apartment Complex	8,683,176	0.73
Camden Solar, LLC	Utility	5,790,444	0.49
Camden Yards LLC	Real Estate	5,526,514	0.46
John E Ferebee Farming, Inc.	Waste Disposal & Collection	4,666,218	0.39
Black Gold Farms	Agricultural	3,921,400	0.33
Eastern Carolina Const., Inc.	Real Estate	3,614,939	0.30
Total		\$ 131,250,471	11.03%

COMPLIANCE SECTION



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Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of County Commissioners Camden County, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Camden County, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprises Camden County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 30, 2024. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Camden County ABC Board, as described in our report on Camden County's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported separately by those auditors. The financial statements of Camden County ABC Board and Camden County TDA were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Camden County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Camden County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, as items 2024-001, 2024-002 and 2024-003, that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Perquiman's County financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*, and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2024-001 and 2024-002.

Camden County's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on Camden County's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., PA

Wilmington, North Carolina January 11, 2025



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Report On Compliance With Requirements Applicable To Each Major Federal Program And Internal Control Over Compliance; In Accordance With OMB Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of County Commissioners Camden County, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Camden County, North Carolina, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* and the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of Camden County's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. Camden County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Camden County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Camden County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Camden County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Camden County federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Camden County's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Camden County's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Camden County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of Camden County's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Camden County's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2024 – 004. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on Camden County's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Camden County's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2024 – 004, that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on Camden County's response to internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Camden County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Camden County is responsible for preparing a corrective action plan to address each audit finding included in our auditor's report. Camden County's corrective action plan was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., PA

Wilmington, North Carolina January 11, 2025



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Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; With OMB Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of County Commissioners Camden County, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

Opinion on Each Major State Program

We have audited Camden County, North Carolina, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* and the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of Camden County's major State programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. Camden County's major State programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Camden County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major State programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major State Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Camden County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major State program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Camden County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Camden County State programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Camden County's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Camden County's compliance with the requirements of each major State program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Camden County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of Camden County's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Camden County's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency *in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency or compliance with a type of significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency or a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or compliance with a type of the significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State program that is

less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section and above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., PA

Wilmington, North Carolina January 11, 2025

CAMDEN COUNTY CAMDEN COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Section I. Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements				
Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial stateme Unmodified	nts audited were prepared in accordance to GAAP:			
Internal control over financial reporting:				
Material weaknesses identified?	X Yes No			
Significant Deficiency(s) identified?	X Yes None Reported			
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	X Yes No			
Federal Awards				
Internal control over major federal programs:				
Material weaknesses identified?	Yes <u>X</u> No			
Significant Deficiency(s) identified?	X Yes None Reported			
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal pro-	ograms: Unmodified.			
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	<u>X</u> Yes <u>No</u>			
Identification of major federal programs:				
Assistance Listing Nos: Names of Federal Program	<u>n or Cluster</u>			
93.778 Medical Assistance Progra	m			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B Programs	\$ 750,000			
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes <u>X</u> No			
State Awards				
Internal control over major state programs:				
Material weaknesses identified?	Yes X No			
Significant Deficiency(s) identified?	Yes X None Reported			
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major state programs:	Unmodified.			
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the State Single Audit Implementation Act	Yes <u>X</u> No			
Identification of major state programs:				
Program Name				
N.C. Office of State Budget and Management - Directed Grants: Emergency Medical Services Vehicles				
State match of Medical Assistance also audited per LGC requirement. Program findings must be submitted to the NC Department of Health and Human Services.				
Dollar threshold used to determine a State major program	\$ 500,000			
Auditee qualified as State low-risk auditee?	Yes X No			

CAMDEN COUNTY CAMDEN COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Section II. Financial Statement Findings

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY/MATERIAL NONCOMPLIANCE

2024-001 Finance Officer Bond

Criteria: According to G.S. 159-29, the Finance Officer bond may not be less than the greater of \$50,000 or an amount equal to ten percent of the unit's annually budgeted funds up to one million dollars.

Condition: The Finance Officer was not adequately bonded based on the criteria.

Effect: County was in violation of the statute G.S. 159-29.

Cause: Personnel responsible for purchasing of the bond did not ensure that the bond would cover ten percent of the annual budgeted funds.

Identification of a repeat finding: This is not a repeat finding.

Recommendation: County should implement internal controls that will ensure the Finance Officer is adequately covered based on the criteria going forward.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions: County agrees with this finding and will adhere to the corrective action plan to follow.

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY/MATERIAL NONCOMPLIANCE

2024-002 Noncompliance with Budget

Criteria: G.S. 159-28(a) stats that no obligation may be incurred in a function accounted for in a fund included in the budget ordinance unless the budget ordinance includes an appropriation authorizing the obligation and an unencumbered balance remains in the appropriation sufficient to pay in the current fiscal year the sums obligated by the transaction for the current fiscal year.

Effect: Monies were spent that had not been obligated and appropriated.

Cause: County exceeded budget expenditures in County Fire District Fund, School Capital Fund, Community Park Trust Fund, Eco Dev Fund, and Representative Payee Fund while budget amendments were not adopted.

Identification of a repeat finding: This is not a repeat finding from the immediate previous audit.

Recommendation: Before an obligation is to incur that will exceed the amount that was previously approved in the budget ordinance, an amendment to the budget should be adopted.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions: County agrees with this finding. County will continue to monitor the budgets monthly to ensure compliance.

MATERIAL WEAKNESS

2024-003 Prior Year Adjustment

Criteria: The June 30, 2024, beginning Net Position was restated for an understated fund balance in prior year.

Condition: The understatement of fund balance resulted in a prior period adjustment of \$549,843.

Effect: 2023 Financial Statement Total Net Position were undervalued by \$549,843.

Identification of a repeat finding: This is not a repeat finding.

Cause: Financial statements were not properly reviewed in prior period and key accounts not properly reconciled.

Recommendation: County management should the financial statements before submission.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions: County agrees with this finding and has already taken action.

CAMDEN COUNTY CAMDEN COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Section III. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

US Department of Health and Human Services Passed through the NC Dept. of Health and Human Services Program Name: Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid; Title XIX) Asst List # 93.778 Finding: 2024-004 Significant Deficiency/Noncompliance

Eligibility

Criteria: Medicaid for Aged, Blind and Disabled case records should contain documentation that verifications were done in preparation of the application and these items will agree to reports in the NC FAST system. In this process, documentation should be present and agree back to the records in the NC FAST system. Any items discovered in the process should be considered resources and explained within the documentation.

Condition: There were Nine (9) errors discovered during our procedures that resources in the county documentation and those same resources contained in NC FAST were not the same amounts or files containing resources were not properly documented to be considered countable or non-countable. The errors were as follows: One (1) case did not have accurate income calculations, One (1) case was improperly forced as eligible, One (1) case contained a household size calculation error, Two (2) cases had a failure to complete at least one compliance component, and Four (4) cases contained errors in resource verification or calculations.

Questioned Costs: There was no affect to eligibility and there were no questioned costs.

Context: We examined 60 Medicaid applicants from a total 59,083 Medicaid claims from the Medicaid beneficiary report provided by the NC Department of Health and Human Services to re-determine eligibility. These findings were disclosed in a separately issued spreadsheet to the North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services and are being reported with the financial statement audit as it relates to Medicaid administrative cost compliance audit.

Effect: For those certifications/re-certifications there was a chance that information was not properly documented and reconciled to NC FAST which affect countable resource and a participant could have been approved for benefits that they were not eligible.

Identification of a repeat finding: This is a repeat finding from the immediate previous audit, 2023-001.

Cause: Ineffective record keeping and ineffective case review process, incomplete documentation, and incorrect application of rules for purposes of determining eligibility.

Recommendation: Files should be reviewed internally to ensure proper documentation is in place for eligibility. Workers should be retrained on what files should contain and the importance of complete and accurate record keeping. We recommend that all files include online verifications, documented resources of income and those amounts agree to information in NC FAST.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions: The County agrees with the finding. Supervisors will perform second party reviews to ensure proper documentation is contained in files to support eligibility determinations. Workers will be retrained on what information should be maintained in case files, the importance of complete and accurate record keeping, and reserve calculations. The County finance office will also participating in the review process.

Section IV. State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None Reported.



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CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Section II. Financial Statement Findings

2024-001

Name of Contact Person: Stephanie Jackson, Finance Officer

Corrective Action: County will implement internal control predures to ensure that the Finance Officer is appropriately bonded based on the ten percent of the unit's annually budgeted funds.

Proposed Completion Date: Immediately.

2024-002

Name of Contact Person: Stephanie Jackson, Finance Officer

Correction Action: An updated budget report is presented to County Board and Department Heads monthly. This holds the Department Heads more accountable and allows them to plan to ensure expenditures do not exceed budgeted amounts.

Propsed Completion Date: Immediately.

2024-003

Name of Contact Person: Stephanie Jackson, Finance Officer

Correction Action: The Finance Officer will implement controls to ensure the Financial Statements are presented correctly.

Proposed Completion Date: Immediately



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CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Section III. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

2024 - 004 Eligibility

Name of contact Person: Stephanie Wyche, Director of Social Services

Corrective Action: [1] Agency has completed training with Adult Medicaid caseworkers regarding correct case documentation as it related to vehicles/personal property. Training was completed on September 5, 2024 and included targeted training for vehicles/personal property. MAABD policy sections 2230 V.B1.

(2); MAABD 2230 VIII A 3; MAABD 2230 VII C; MAABD 2230 VII D; and MAABD 2230 VII E were reviewed during this training. Also reviewed was usage of the DMA-5039 Right to Rebut Value of Vehicles.

[3] Agency will complete training with all Medicaid caseworkers regarding correct data input into NCFAST, correct base period usage, and the importance of ensuring that accurate calculations are completed when determining Medicaid eligibility. Training has been scheduled for Monday November 25, 2024.

[4] Agency will complete training with all Medicaid caseworkers regarding correct data input into NCFAST, correct computation of household composition, correct use of the manual MAGI household composition tool, and the importance of ensuring that data entered into NCFAST is generating the correct household size determination. Training has been scheduled for Monday November 25, 2024.

[5] System issues where NCFAST us unable to complete a request of information from the Work Number are much less common than they used to be. Agency will complete training with staff to ensure that data matches are completed outside of NCFAST and documented in the event that OVS or the Work Number is unable to be completed in NCFAST. Staff has been informed that if there is any instance where data matches are unable to be completed in NCFAST, a help desk ticket needs to be submitted and any communications from the state about known issues should be included with documentation on any impacted cases. Training has been scheduled for Monday November 25, 2024.

[6] Clear, accurate, and thorough case documentation is critical to the agency's success in ensuring that correct benefits are issued to all clients. Agency will complete training with all Medicaid staff to stress the importance of documenting any action taken on a case. Training has been scheduled for Monday November 25, 2024.

Proposed Completion Date: Training for Error Category 1 was completed on September 5, 2024. Training will be completed for Error Categories 2-5 on Monday November 25, 2024.

Section IV. State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None Reported.

CAMDEN COUNTY CAMDEN COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Status:

2023-001	Still occurring.
2022-001	Still occurring.
2021-001	Still occurring.
2020-001	Corrected.
2020-002	Still occurring.
2019-001	Still occurring.
2019-002	Still occurring.

Camden County, North Carolina Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing No.	State/ Pass-through Grantor's <u>Number</u>	Federal (Direct & Pass-through) <u>Expenditures</u>	State <u>Expenditures</u>	Provided to <u>Subrecipients</u>
Federal Awards:					
U.S. Dept. of Agriculture Passed-through the N.C. Dept. of Health and Human Services: Division of Social Services:					
Administration: SNAP Cluster					
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561		\$ 129,501	\$-	\$-
COVID-19 State Administrative Matching Grants Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	10.561		2,139 131,640		
U.S. Dept. of Health & Human Services Passed-through the N.C. Dept. of Health and Human Services: Division of Social Services Administration:					
MaryLee Allen Promoting Safe and Stable Families Program	93.556		4,506	-	-
TANF - Work First	93.558		99,354	-	-
<u>Foster Care and Adoption Cluster (Note 4 and 5)</u> Foster Care - Title IV-E Foster Care - Title IV-E - Benefit Payments Total Foster Care and Adoption Cluster	93.658 93.658		9,952 <u>14,853</u> 24,805	2,778 6,370 9,147	
Child Support Enforcement	93.563		57,707	-	_
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance: Weatherization Assistance and Heating and Air Repair COVID - 19 Weatherization Assistance and Heating and Air Repair Crisis Intervention Program Total Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568 93.568 93.568		1,533 5,173 <u>2,104</u> 8,810		- -
 Division of Child Development and Early Education: Subsidized Child Care <u>Child Care Development Fund Cluster</u>: Division of Social Services: Child Care Development Mandatory and Matching Funds-Administration Total Child Care Development Fund Cluster 	93.596		<u>18</u>		
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program: - Permanency Planning - Families for Kids Total Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program:	93.645		<u>2,729</u> 2,729		<u>-</u>
John H. Chafee Foster Care Program for Successful Transition to Adulthood: Administrative and Services Benefit Payments	93.674 93.674		31 199	8	-
Total John H. Chafee Foster Care Program for Successful Transition to Adulthood:	23.074		230	8	
SSBG - Other Service and Training	93.667		31,396	-	-
Division of Aging and Adult Services: Division of Social Services:					
SSBG - State Adult Day Care	93.667		24,901		
Total Social Service Block Grant (SSBG)			56,298	-	-

Camden County, North Carolina Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal Assistance <u>Listing No.</u>	State/ Pass-through Grantor's <u>Number</u>	Federal (Direct & Pass-through) Expenditures	State <u>Expenditures</u>	Provided to <u>Subrecipients</u>
Passed-through the N.C. Dept. of Health and Human Services: Division of Health Benefits: Division of Social Services: Administration: <u>Medicaid Cluster</u> Medical Assistance Program (Note 5)	93.778		385,861	34,599	<u>-</u>
Division of Social Services: Administration:			,	,	
Children's Health Insurance Program - N.C. Health Choice (Note 5)	93.767		42,859	1,054	-
Total U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services			683,176	44,807	
Total federal awards			814,817	44,807	
State Awards: <u>N.C. Dept. of Agriculture</u> Streamflow Rehabilitation Assistance Program Total N.C. Dept. of Agriculture				45,600	
<u>N.C. Dept. of Cultural and Natural Resources</u> Public Library Grassroots Arts Program Public Library Special Appropriation-Grassroots Arts Total N.C. Dept. of Cultural and Natural Resources				10,749 <u>8,204</u> 18,953	
N.C. Dept. of Health and Human Services Division of Social Services Administration State Child Welfare - State Protective Services Direct Benefit Payments State Foster Home State Foster Home Total Division of Social Services				1,895 3,634 <u>3,327</u> 8,856	- -
Total N. C. Department of Health and Human Services				8,856	-
<u>N.C. Dept. of Insurance</u> Senior Medicare Patrol Program (NCSMP) SHIIP Grant Total N.C. Dept. of Insurance				2,800 395 3,195	
<u>N.C. Dept. of Public Safety</u> Juvenile Crime Prevention Councils Total N.C. Dept. of Public Safety				<u>64,812</u> 64,812	
N.C. Office of State Budget and Management Directed Grants - Regional Economic Development Reserve Emergency Medical Services Vehicles Law Enforcement Vehicles Total N.C. Office of State Budget and Management				900,000 108,784 1,008,784	- - -
Total State awards			-	1,150,200	
Total federal and State awards			\$ 814,817	\$ 1,195,007	<u> </u>

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Financial Awards:

Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards (SEFSA) includes the federal and State grant activity of Camden County under the programs of the federal government and the State of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this SEFSA is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 US Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Camden County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of Camden County.

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the SEFSA are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Note 3: Indirect Cost Rate

Camden County has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 4: Cluster of Programs

The following are clustered by the NC Department of Health and Human Services and are treated separately for state audit requirement purposes: Foster Care and Adoption.

Note 5: Benefit Payments Issued by the State

The amounts listed below were paid directly to individual recipients by the State from federal and State moneys. County personnel are involved with certain functions, primarily eligibility determinations that cause benefit payments to be issued by the State. These amounts disclose this additional aid to County recipients that do not appear in the basic financial statements because they are not revenues and expenditures of the County.

Program Title	Federal AL#	Federal	State
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.551	1,410,584	-
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	9,944,014	3,949,687
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	(119)	(29)

Note 6: Opioid Settlement Fund

The NC Department of Justice does not consider Opioid Settlement Funds either Federal or State Financial assistance since they are from a settlement with private major drug companies. Since these funds are subject to the State Single Audit Implementation Act, they are reported as "Other Financial Assistance" on the SEFSA, and considered State Awards for State single audit requirements.